

Product datasheet for MR226509L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Rtel1 (NM_001001882) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Rtel1 (NM_001001882) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Rtel²

Synonyms: Al451565; AW540478; Rtel

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001001882

ORF Size: 3627 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR226509).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001001882.3, NP 001001882.3

RefSeq Size: 4451 bp
RefSeq ORF: 3630 bp
Locus ID: 269400
UniProt ID: Q0VGM9

Cytogenetics: 2 H4







Gene Summary:

ATP-dependent DNA helicase implicated in telomere-length regulation, DNA repair and the maintenance of genomic stability. Acts as an anti-recombinase to counteract toxic recombination and limit crossover during meiosis. Regulates meiotic recombination and crossover homeostasis by physically dissociating strand invasion events and thereby promotes noncrossover repair by meiotic synthesis dependent strand annealing (SDSA) as well as disassembly of D loop recombination intermediates. Also disassembles T loops and prevents telomere fragility by counteracting telomeric G4-DNA structures, which together ensure the dynamics and stability of the telomere.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]