

## Product datasheet for MR226157L3V

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Pla2g10 (NM\_011987) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

### **Product data:**

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Pla2g10 (NM\_011987) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Pla2g10

**Synonyms:** GX sPLA2; mGXs; PLA; PLA2GX; sPLA2-X

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

NM 011987

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 453 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR226157).

Sequence:

ACCN:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 011987.2, NP 036117.1

RefSeq Size: 1022 bp
RefSeq ORF: 456 bp
Locus ID: 26565
UniProt ID: Q9QXX3

**Cytogenetics:** 16 9.5 cM







### **Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the phospholipase A2 family of lipolytic enzymes that hydrolyzes glycerophospholipids to produce free fatty acids and lysophospholipids. The encoded protein undergoes proteolytic processing to generate a calcium-dependent enzyme that plays pivotal roles in the liberation of arachidonic acid from membrane phospholipids leading to the production of various inflammatory lipid mediators, such as prostaglandins. In response to myocardial ischemia/reperfusion, mice lacking the encoded protein display a reduction in myocardial infarct size partly through the suppression of neutorphil cytotoxic activities. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. All of these isoforms may undergo similar processing to generate the mature protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]