

Product datasheet for **MR224963L3V**

Opn5 (NM_181753) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Opn5 (NM_181753) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Opn5
Synonyms:	Gpr136; Neuropsin; PGR12; TMEM13
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_181753
ORF Size:	1131 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR224963).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_181753.4 , NP_861418.2
RefSeq Size:	1824 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1134 bp
Locus ID:	353344
UniProt ID:	Q6VZZ7
Cytogenetics:	17 B3



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Gene Summary:

G-protein coupled receptor which selectively activates G(i) type G proteins via ultraviolet A (UVA) light-mediated activation in the retina (PubMed:22043319). Preferentially binds the chromophore 11-cis retinal and is a bistable protein that displays emission peaks at 380 nm (UVA light) and 470 nm (blue light) (PubMed:22043319, PubMed:31607531). Required for the light-response in the inner plexiform layer, and contributes to the regulation of the light-response in the nerve fiber layer, via phosphorylated DAT/SLC6A3 dopamine uptake (PubMed:30936473). Involved in local corneal and retinal circadian rhythm photoentrainment via modulation of the UVA light-induced phase-shift of the retina clock (PubMed:26392540, PubMed:30240620). Acts as a circadian photoreceptor in the outer ear and vibrissal pads, via modulation of circadian clock-gene expression in response to violet light during the light-to-dark transition phase and night phase of the circadian cycle (PubMed:31607531). Required in the retina to negatively regulate hyaloid vessel regression during postnatal development via light-dependent OPN5-SLC32A1-DRD2-VEGFR2 signaling (PubMed:30936473). Involved in the light-dependent regulation of retina and vitreous compartment dopamine levels (PubMed:30936473).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]