

Product datasheet for MR223796L4V

Tigar (NM_177003) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Tigar (NM_177003) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Tigar
Synonyms:	9630033F20Rik; AA793651; Al595337; C79710; C85509
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_177003
ORF Size:	807 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR223796).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 177003.5, NP 795977.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	3653 bp
RefSeq ORF:	810 bp
Locus ID:	319801
UniProt ID:	<u>Q8BZA9</u>
Cytogenetics:	6 F3



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OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Gene Summary:

Fructose-bisphosphatase hydrolyzing fructose-2,6-bisphosphate as well as fructose-1,6bisphosphate (By similarity). Acts as a negative regulator of glycolysis by lowering intracellular levels of fructose-2,6-bisphosphate in a p53/TP53-dependent manner, resulting in the pentose phosphate pathway (PPP) activation and NADPH production (PubMed:23726973). Contributes to the generation of reduced glutathione to cause a decrease in intracellular reactive oxygen species (ROS) content, correlating with its ability to protect cells from oxidative or metabolic stress-induced cell death (PubMed:23726973). Plays a role in promoting protection against cell death during hypoxia by decreasing mitochondria ROS levels in a HK2-dependent manner through a mechanism that is independent of its fructose-bisphosphatase activity (By similarity). In response to cardiac damage stress, mediates p53-induced inhibition of myocyte mitophagy through ROS levels reduction and the subsequent inactivation of BNIP3 (PubMed:22044588). Reduced mitophagy results in an enhanced apoptotic myocyte cell death, and exacerbates cardiac damage (PubMed:22044588). Plays a role in adult intestinal regeneration; contributes to the growth, proliferation and survival of intestinal crypts following tissue ablation (PubMed:23726973). Plays a neuroprotective role against ischemic brain damage by enhancing PPP flux and preserving mitochondria functions (PubMed:24872551). Protects glioma cells from hypoxiaand ROS-induced cell death by inhibiting glycolysis and activating mitochondrial energy metabolism and oxygen consumption in a TKTL1-dependent and p53/TP53-independent manner. Plays a role in cancer cell survival by promoting DNA repair through activating PPP flux in a CDK5-ATM-dependent signaling pathway during hypoxia and/or genome stressinduced DNA damage responses (By similarity). Involved in intestinal tumor progression (PubMed:23726973).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

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