

## Product datasheet for MR222916L3V

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Azin2 (NM\_172875) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

### **Product data:**

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Azin2 (NM\_172875) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Azin2

**Synonyms:** 4933429I20Rik; Ad; Adc; AZ; Azi2; B930082O19; Od; ODC-p; Odcp

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

ACCN:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

NM 172875

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 1380 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR222916).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 172875.2, NP 766463.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2084 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1380 bp

 Locus ID:
 242669

 UniProt ID:
 Q8BVM4

Cytogenetics: 4 D2.2







### **Gene Summary:**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the antizyme inhibitor family, which plays a role in cell growth and proliferation by maintaining polyamine homeostasis within the cell. Antizyme inhibitors are homologs of ornithine decarboxylase (ODC, the key enzyme in polyamine biosynthesis) that have lost the ability to decarboxylase ornithine; however, retain the ability to bind to antizymes. Antizymes negatively regulate intracellular polyamine levels by binding to ODC and targeting it for degradation, as well as by inhibiting polyamine uptake. Antizyme inhibitors function as positive regulators of polyamine levels by sequestering antizymes and neutralizing their effect. This gene encodes antizyme inhibitor 2, the second member of this gene family. Like antizyme inhibitor 1, antizyme inhibitor 2 interacts with all 3 antizymes and stimulates ODC activity and polyamine uptake. However, unlike antizyme inhibitor 1, which is ubiquitously expressed and localized in the nucleus and cytoplasm, antizyme inhibitor 2 is predominantly expressed in the brain and testis and localized in the endoplasmic reticulum-golgi intermediate compartment. Recent studies indicate that antizyme inhibitor 2 is also expressed in specific cell types in ovaries, adrenal glands and pancreas, and in mast cells. The exact function of this gene is not known, however, available data suggest its role in cell growth, spermiogenesis, vesicular trafficking and secretion. There has been confusion in literature and databases over the nomenclature of this gene, stemming from an earlier report that a human cDNA clone (identical to ODCp/AZIN2) had arginine decarboxylase (ADC) activity (PMID:14738999). Subsequent studies in human and mouse showed that antizyme inhibitor 2 was devoid of arginine decarboxylase activity (PMID:19956990). Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]