

Product datasheet for **MR218977L3V**

Gramd1a (NM_027898) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Symbol:	Gramd1a
Synonyms:	I300003M23Rik; A1415002; AW547240; D7Bwg0611e
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_027898
ORF Size:	2166 bp

ORF Nucleotide Sequence: The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR218977).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq:	NM_027898.3
RefSeq Size:	2681 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2169 bp
Locus ID:	52857
UniProt ID:	Q8VEF1
Cytogenetics:	7 19.3 cM



Gene Summary:

Cholesterol transporter that mediates non-vesicular transport of cholesterol from the plasma membrane (PM) to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) (PubMed:30220461). Contains unique domains for binding cholesterol and the PM, thereby serving as a molecular bridge for the transfer of cholesterol from the PM to the ER (PubMed:30220461). Plays a crucial role in cholesterol homeostasis and has the unique ability to localize to the PM based on the level of membrane cholesterol (PubMed:30220461). In lipid-poor conditions localizes to the ER membrane and in response to excess cholesterol in the PM is recruited to the endoplasmic reticulum-plasma membrane contact sites (EPCS) which is mediated by the GRAM domain (PubMed:30220461). At the EPCS, the sterol-binding VAST/ASTER domain binds to the cholesterol in the PM and facilitates its transfer from the PM to ER (PubMed:30220461). May play a role in tumor progression (PubMed:27585821).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]