

## Product datasheet for **MR215931L4V**

### Tsen15 (NM\_025677) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Tsen15 (NM_025677) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Tsen15
Synonyms:	5730449L18Rik; AL023077; Sen15
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_025677
ORF Size:	504 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR215931).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_025677.3</a> , <a href="#">NP_079953.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	1147 bp
RefSeq ORF:	507 bp
Locus ID:	66637
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q8R3W5</a>
Cytogenetics:	1 G2



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**Gene Summary:**

Non-catalytic subunit of the tRNA-splicing endonuclease complex, a complex responsible for identification and cleavage of the splice sites in pre-tRNA. It cleaves pre-tRNA at the 5' and 3' splice sites to release the intron. The products are an intron and two tRNA half-molecules bearing 2',3' cyclic phosphate and 5'-OH termini. There are no conserved sequences at the splice sites, but the intron is invariably located at the same site in the gene, placing the splice sites an invariant distance from the constant structural features of the tRNA body. The tRNA splicing endonuclease is also involved in mRNA processing via its association with pre-mRNA 3'-end processing factors, establishing a link between pre-tRNA splicing and pre-mRNA 3'-end formation, suggesting that the endonuclease subunits function in multiple RNA-processing events (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]