

## Product datasheet for **MR213850L3V**

### **Olfr66 (NM\_013618) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type:             | Lentiviral Particles   |
| Product Name:             | Olfr66 (NM_013618) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle  |
| Symbol:                   | Olfr66   |
| Synonyms:                 | 5'beta1; 5'[b]1; MOR1-3; ORL532  |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin  |
| Vector:                   | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)   |
| Tag:                      | Myc-DDK  |
| ACCN:                     | NM_013618  |
| ORF Size:                 | 933 bp   |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence:  | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR213850).   |
| OTI Disclaimer:           | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a> |
| OTI Annotation:           | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.   |
| RefSeq:                   | <a href="#">NM_013618.3</a> , <a href="#">NP_038646.2</a>  |
| RefSeq Size:              | 936 bp   |
| RefSeq ORF:               | 936 bp   |
| Locus ID:                 | 18367  |
| Cytogenetics:             | 7 E3   |



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**Gene Summary:**

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]