

Product datasheet for **MR211134L3V**

Ctnna1 (NM_009818) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Ctnna1 (NM_009818) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Ctnna1
Synonyms:	2010010M04Rik; AA517462; AI988031; Catna1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_009818
ORF Size:	2721 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR211134).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_009818.1 , NP_033948.1
RefSeq Size:	3713 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2721 bp
Locus ID:	12385
UniProt ID:	P26231
Cytogenetics:	18 18.89 cM



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Gene Summary:

Associates with the cytoplasmic domain of a variety of cadherins. The association of catenins to cadherins produces a complex which is linked to the actin filament network, and which seems to be of primary importance for cadherins cell-adhesion properties. Can associate with both E- and N-cadherins. Originally believed to be a stable component of E-cadherin/catenin adhesion complexes and to mediate the linkage of cadherins to the actin cytoskeleton at adherens junctions. In contrast, cortical actin was found to be much more dynamic than E-cadherin/catenin complexes and CTNNA1 was shown not to bind to F-actin when assembled in the complex suggesting a different linkage between actin and adherens junctions components. The homodimeric form may regulate actin filament assembly and inhibit actin branching by competing with the Arp2/3 complex for binding to actin filaments. May play a crucial role in cell differentiation.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]