

Product datasheet for MR210260L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Spire2 (NM_172287) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Spire2 (NM_172287) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Spire2

Synonyms: BC026502; Spir-2; Spir2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_172287 **ORF Size:** 2157 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

The OF

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR210260).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 172287.2</u>, <u>NP 758491.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 2399 bp
RefSeq ORF: 2157 bp
Locus ID: 234857
UniProt ID: Q8K1S6
Cytogenetics: 8 E1







Gene Summary:

Acts as an actin nucleation factor, remains associated with the slow-growing pointed end of the new filament (PubMed:21620703, PubMed:21983562). Involved in intracellular vesicle transport along actin fibers, providing a novel link between actin cytoskeleton dynamics and intracellular transport (PubMed:21983562). Required for asymmetric spindle positioning and asymmetric cell division during oocyte meiosis (PubMed:21620703). Required for normal formation of the cleavage furrow and for polar body extrusion during female germ cell meiosis (PubMed:21620703). Also acts in the nucleus: together with SPIRE1 and SPIRE2, promotes assembly of nuclear actin filaments in response to DNA damage in order to facilitate movement of chromatin and repair factors after DNA damage (By similarity). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]