

Product datasheet for **MR209467L4V**

SPIRE2 (BC026502) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Lentiviral Particles |
| Product Name: | SPIRE2 (BC026502) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle |
| Symbol: | SPIRE2 |
| Synonyms: | Spir-2, Spir2, MGC31610 |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin |
| Vector: | pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093) |
| Tag: | mGFP |
| ACCN: | BC026502 |
| ORF Size: | 1854 bp |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence: | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR209467). |
| OTI Disclaimer: | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info |
| OTI Annotation: | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. |
| RefSeq: | BC026502.1 |
| RefSeq Size: | 2175 bp |
| RefSeq ORF: | 1856 bp |
| Locus ID: | 234857 |
| Cytogenetics: | 8 E1 |



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Gene Summary:

Acts as an actin nucleation factor, remains associated with the slow-growing pointed end of the new filament (PubMed:21620703, PubMed:21983562). Involved in intracellular vesicle transport along actin fibers, providing a novel link between actin cytoskeleton dynamics and intracellular transport (PubMed:21983562). Required for asymmetric spindle positioning and asymmetric cell division during oocyte meiosis (PubMed:21620703). Required for normal formation of the cleavage furrow and for polar body extrusion during female germ cell meiosis (PubMed:21620703). Also acts in the nucleus: together with SPIRE1 and SPIRE2, promotes assembly of nuclear actin filaments in response to DNA damage in order to facilitate movement of chromatin and repair factors after DNA damage (By similarity). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]