

## Product datasheet for **MR206099L3V**

### Rara (NM\_001177303) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Rara (NM_001177303) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Rara
Synonyms:	Nr1b1; RAR; RARalpha1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001177303
ORF Size:	1389 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR206099).
OTI Disclaimer:	<p>Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at <a href="mailto:custsupport@origene.com">custsupport@origene.com</a> or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.</p> <p>The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a></p>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001177303.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001170774.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	3129 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1389 bp



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Locus ID: 19401

UniProt ID: [P11416](#)

Cytogenetics: 11 62.76 cM

**Gene Summary:** Receptor for retinoic acid (PubMed:17205979). Retinoic acid receptors bind as heterodimers to their target response elements in response to their ligands, all-trans or 9-cis retinoic acid, and regulate gene expression in various biological processes (PubMed:17205979). The RXR/RAR heterodimers bind to the retinoic acid response elements (RARE) composed of tandem 5'-AGGTCA-3' sites known as DR1-DR5 (PubMed:17205979). In the absence of ligand, the RXR-RAR heterodimers associate with a multiprotein complex containing transcription corepressors that induce histone deacetylation, chromatin condensation and transcriptional suppression (By similarity). On ligand binding, the corepressors dissociate from the receptors and associate with the coactivators leading to transcriptional activation (PubMed:17205979, PubMed:9230306, PubMed:19078967). Formation of heterocomplex with histone deacetylases might lead to inhibition of RARE DNA element binding and to transcriptional repression (By similarity). Transcriptional activation and RARE DNA element binding might be supported by the transcription factor KLF2 (By similarity). RARA plays an essential role in the regulation of retinoic acid-induced germ cell development during spermatogenesis (PubMed:15901285). Has a role in the survival of early spermatocytes at the beginning prophase of meiosis (PubMed:15901285, PubMed:17905941). In Sertoli cells, may promote the survival and development of early meiotic prophase spermatocytes (PubMed:10660575, PubMed:17905941). In concert with RARG, required for skeletal growth, matrix homeostasis and growth plate function (PubMed:19389355). Together with RXRA, positively regulates microRNA-10a expression, thereby inhibiting the GATA6/VCAM1 signaling response to pulsatile shear stress in vascular endothelial cells (By similarity). In association with HDAC3, HDAC5 and HDAC7 corepressors, plays a role in the repression of microRNA-10a and thereby promotes the inflammatory response (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]