

Product datasheet for MR205923L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Jaml (NM_001005421) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Jaml (NM 001005421) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Jam

Synonyms: AMICA; Amica1; Crea7; Gm638

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001005421

ORF Size: 1140 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR205923).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001005421.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2472 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1140 bp

 Locus ID:
 270152

 UniProt ID:
 Q80UL9

Cytogenetics: 9 A5.2





Gene Summary:

Transmembrane protein of the plasma membrane of leukocytes that control their migration and activation through interaction with CXADR, a plasma membrane receptor found on adjacent epithelial and endothelial cells. The interaction between both receptors mediates the activation of gamma-delta T-cells, a subpopulation of T-cells residing in epithelia and involved in tissue homeostasis and repair. Upon epithelial CXADR-binding, JAML induces downstream cell signaling events in gamma-delta T-cells through PI3-kinase and MAP kinases. It results in proliferation and production of cytokines and growth factors by T-cells that in turn stimulate epithelial tissues repair. It also controls the transmigration of leukocytes within epithelial and endothelial tissues through adhesive interactions with epithelial and endothelial CXADR.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]