

Product datasheet for MR205601L4

Lpar1 (NM_172989) Mouse Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Lpar1 (NM_172989) Mouse Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Tag: mGFP Symbol: Lpar1

Synonyms: Al326300; Edg2; Gpcr26; Kdt2; lpA1; vzg-1

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

E. coli Selection: Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR205601).

Sequence:

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning Scheme:





^{*} The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF

ACCN: NM_172989

ORF Size: 1095 bp



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OTI Disclaimer:

Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at customport@origene.com or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>

OTI Annotation:

This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components:

The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: NM 172989.1, NP 766577.1

 RefSeq Size:
 3451 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1095 bp

 Locus ID:
 14745

 UniProt ID:
 P61793

 Cytogenetics:
 4 32.2 cM

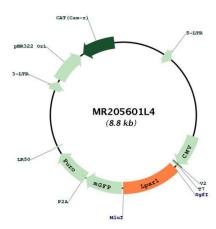


Gene Summary:

Receptor for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) (PubMed:11087877, PubMed:18066075). Plays a role in the reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, cell migration, differentiation and proliferation, and thereby contributes to the responses to tissue damage and infectious agents. Activates downstream signaling cascades via the G(i)/G(o), G(12)/G(13), and G(q) families of heteromeric G proteins (PubMed:8922387, PubMed:9600933, PubMed:11040035, PubMed:18157949, PubMed:18066075, PubMed:23478264). Signaling inhibits adenylyl cyclase activity and decreases cellular cAMP levels (PubMed:11040035, PubMed:12215548). Signaling triggers an increase of cytoplasmic Ca(2+) levels (PubMed:12215548). Activates RALA; this leads to the activation of phospholipase C (PLC) and the formation of inositol 1,4,5trisphosphate (PubMed:11040035, PubMed:12215548, PubMed:23478264). Signaling mediates activation of down-stream MAP kinases (PubMed:11040035). Contributes to the regulation of cell shape (PubMed:8922387, PubMed:9600933, PubMed:11040035, PubMed:11087877). Promotes Rho-dependent reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton in neuronal cells and neurite retraction (PubMed:9600933, PubMed:11040035, PubMed:12181339). Promotes the activation of Rho and the formation of actin stress fibers (PubMed:9600933, PubMed:12215548). Promotes formation of lamellipodia at the leading edge of migrating cells via activation of RAC1 (PubMed:23478264). Through its function as lysophosphatidic acid receptor, plays a role in chemotaxis and cell migration, including responses to injury and wounding (PubMed:11087877, PubMed:18066075, PubMed:23478264). Plays a role in triggering inflammation in response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) via its interaction with CD14 (PubMed:21821728). Promotes cell proliferation in response to lysophosphatidic acid (PubMed:9600933, PubMed:11087877, PubMed:12215548, PubMed:18157949, PubMed:17692995, PubMed:23478264). Required for normal skeleton development (PubMed:21569876). May play a role in osteoblast differentiation (PubMed:21569876). Required for normal brain development (PubMed:17656621, PubMed:18708146). Required for normal proliferation, survival and maturation of newly formed neurons in the adult dentate gyrus (PubMed:18708146). Plays a role in pain perception and in the initiation of neuropathic pain (PubMed:15195086, PubMed:19689455).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]



Product images:



Circular map for MR205601L4