

Product datasheet for **MR204653L3V**

Atoh8 (NM_153778) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Atoh8 (NM_153778) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Atoh8
Synonyms:	4933425C05Rik; bHLHa21; Hath6; Math6; okadin
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_153778
ORF Size:	969 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR204653).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_153778.3 , NP_722473.1
RefSeq Size:	2355 bp
RefSeq ORF:	969 bp
Locus ID:	71093
UniProt ID:	Q99NA2
Cytogenetics:	6 C1



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Gene Summary:

Transcription factor that binds a palindromic (canonical) core consensus DNA sequence 5'-CANNTG- 3' known as an E-box element, possibly as a heterodimer with other bHLH proteins (By similarity). Regulates endothelial cell proliferation, migration and tube-like structures formation (By similarity). Modulates endothelial cell differentiation through NOS3 (By similarity). May be implicated in specification and differentiation of neuronal cell lineages in the brain (PubMed:11733035). May participate in kidney development and may be involved in podocyte differentiation (PubMed:16937370). During early embryonic development is involved in tissue-specific differentiation processes that are dependent on class II bHLH factors and namely modulates the differentiation program initiated by the pro-endocrine factor NEUROG3 (PubMed:18560595). During myogenesis, may play a role during the transition of myoblasts from the proliferative phase to the differentiation phase (PubMed:24186058). Positively regulates HAMP transcription in two ways, firstly by acting directly on the HAMP promoter via E-boxes binding and indirectly through increased phosphorylation of SMAD protein complex (By similarity). Repress NEUROG3-dependent gene activation in a gene-specific manner through at least two mechanisms; requires only either the sequestering of a general partner such as TCF3 through heterodimerization, either also requires binding of the bHLH domain to DNA via a basic motif (PubMed:23938248). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]