

Product datasheet for MR204375L4V

Cdk7 (BC004605) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles Product Name: Cdk7 (BC004605) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle Symbol: Cdk7 AI323415; AI528512; C230069N13; Cdkn7; Crk4 Synonyms: **Mammalian Cell** Puromycin Selection: Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093) mGFP Tag: BC004605 ACCN: ORF Size: 927 bp The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR204375). **ORF** Nucleotide Sequence: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of **OTI Disclaimer:** reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info **OTI** Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. BC004605, AAH04605 **RefSeq: RefSeq Size:** 1170 bp **RefSeq ORF:** 929 bp Locus ID: 12572 Cytogenetics: 13 53.23 cM



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Serine/threonine kinase involved in cell cycle control and in RNA polymerase II-mediated RNA Gene Summary: transcription. Cyclin-dependent kinases (CDKs) are activated by the binding to a cyclin and mediate the progression through the cell cycle. Each different complex controls a specific transition between 2 subsequent phases in the cell cycle. Required for both activation and complex formation of CDK1/cyclin-B during G2-M transition, and for activation of CDK2/cyclins during G1-S transition (but not complex formation). CDK7 is the catalytic subunit of the CDK-activating kinase (CAK) complex. Phosphorylates SPT5/SUPT5H, SF1/NR5A1, POLR2A, p53/TP53, CDK1, CDK2, CDK4, CDK6 and CDK11B/CDK11. CAK activates the cyclinassociated kinases CDK1, CDK2, CDK4 and CDK6 by threonine phosphorylation, thus regulating cell cycle progression. CAK complexed to the core-TFIIH basal transcription factor activates RNA polymerase II by serine phosphorylation of the repetitive C-terminal domain (CTD) of its large subunit (POLR2A), allowing its escape from the promoter and elongation of the transcripts. Phosphorylation of POLR2A in complex with DNA promotes transcription initiation by triggering dissociation from DNA. Its expression and activity are constant throughout the cell cycle. Upon DNA damage, triggers p53/TP53 activation by phosphorylation, but is inactivated in turn by p53/TP53; this feedback loop may lead to an arrest of the cell cycle and of the transcription, helping in cell recovery, or to apoptosis. Required for DNA-bound peptides-mediated transcription and cellular growth inhibition. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

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