

## Product datasheet for MR204315L4

### Ldlrad4 (NM\_172631) Mouse Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

#### Product data:

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type:             | Expression Plasmids  |
| Product Name:             | Ldlrad4 (NM_172631) Mouse Tagged Lenti ORF Clone                               |
| Tag:                      | mGFP   |
| Symbol:                   | Ldlrad4  |
| Synonyms:                 | 8230401C20Rik; A430083H02; A430108L08Rik; C18orf1; D18Erted653e; D330030L18Rik |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin  |
| Vector:                   | pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)  |
| E. coli Selection:        | Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)   |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence:  | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR204315).                 |
| Restriction Sites:        | SgfI-MluI  |
| Cloning Scheme:           |  |

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

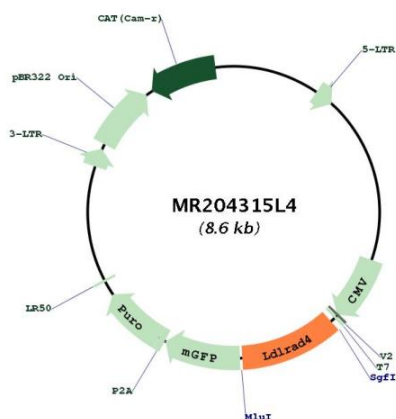
|           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| ACCN:     | NM_172631 |
| ORF Size: | 918 bp    |



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|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>OTI Disclaimer:</b>        | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>  |
| <b>OTI Annotation:</b>        | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.  |
| <b>Components:</b>            | The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).  |
| <b>Reconstitution Method:</b> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>   |
| <b>Note:</b>                  | Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um filter is required.  |
| <b>RefSeq:</b>                | <a href="#">NM_172631.2</a>   |
| <b>RefSeq Size:</b>           | 2493 bp   |
| <b>RefSeq ORF:</b>            | 921 bp  |
| <b>Locus ID:</b>              | 52662   |
| <b>UniProt ID:</b>            | <a href="#">Q8BWJ4</a>  |
| <b>Cytogenetics:</b>          | 18 40.14 cM   |
| <b>Gene Summary:</b>          | Functions as a negative regulator of TGF-beta signaling and thereby probably plays a role in cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, motility, extracellular matrix production and immunosuppression. In the canonical TGF-beta pathway, ZFYVE9/SARA recruits the intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulators SMAD2 and SMAD3 to the TGF-beta receptor. Phosphorylated by the receptor, SMAD2 and SMAD3 then form a heteromeric complex with SMAD4 that translocates to the nucleus to regulate transcription. Through interaction with SMAD2 and SMAD3, LDLRAD4 may compete with ZFYVE9 and SMAD4 and prevent propagation of the intracellular signal.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function] |

Product images:



Circular map for MR204315L4