

Product datasheet for MR203927L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Stx1a (NM_016801) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Stx1a (NM 016801) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Stx1a
Synonyms: HPC-1

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_016801

ORF Size: 864 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR203927).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 016801.3, NP 058081.2

RefSeq Size: 2071 bp
RefSeq ORF: 867 bp
Locus ID: 20907
UniProt ID: <u>O35526</u>
Cytogenetics: 5 G2







Gene Summary:

Plays an essential role in hormone and neurotransmitter calcium-dependent exocytosis and endocytosis (PubMed:17502420, PubMed:28596237, PubMed:28031464). Part of the SNARE (Soluble NSF Attachment Receptor) complex composed of SNAP25, STX1A and VAMP2 which mediates the fusion of synaptic vesicles with the presynaptic plasma membrane. STX1A and SNAP25 are localized on the plasma membrane while VAMP2 resides in synaptic vesicles. The pairing of the three SNAREs from the N-terminal SNARE motifs to the C-terminal anchors leads to the formation of the SNARE complex, which brings membranes into close proximity and results in final fusion. Participates in the calcium-dependent regulation of acrosomal exocytosis in sperm (PubMed:12101244). Plays also an important role in the exocytosis of hormones such as insulin or glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) (PubMed:17502420, PubMed:28596237, PubMed:28031464).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]