

## Product datasheet for **MR202578L3V**

### Ntmt1 (NM\_170592) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Ntmt1 (NM_170592) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Ntmt1
Synonyms:	2610205E22Rik; AL033331; AL033332; Mettl11a; NTM1A
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_170592
ORF Size:	672 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR202578).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_170592.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	1217 bp
RefSeq ORF:	672 bp
Locus ID:	66617
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q8R2U4</a>
Cytogenetics:	2 B



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**Gene Summary:**

Distributive alpha-N-methyltransferase that methylates the N-terminus of target proteins containing the N-terminal motif [Ala/Gly/Pro/Ser]-Pro-Lys when the initiator Met is cleaved. Specifically catalyzes mono-, di- or tri-methylation of the exposed alpha-amino group of the Ala, Gly or Ser residue in the [Ala/Gly/Ser]-Pro-Lys motif and mono- or di-methylation of Pro in the Pro-Pro-Lys motif (PubMed:20668449). Some of the substrates may be primed by METTL11B-mediated monomethylation. Catalyzes the trimethylation of the N-terminal Gly in CENPA (after removal of Met-1) (By similarity). Responsible for the N-terminal methylation of KLHL31, MYL2, MYL3, RB1, RCC1, RPL23A and SET. Required during mitosis for normal bipolar spindle formation and chromosome segregation via its action on RCC1 (PubMed:20668449). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]