

Product datasheet for MR200655L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Phlda3 (NM_013750) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Phlda3 (NM_013750) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Phlda3
Synonyms: Tih1

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_013750

ORF Size: 378 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR200655).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional

amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA.

Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence

verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at

<u>custsupport@origene.com</u> or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 013750.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 1483 bp RefSeq ORF: 378 bp





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Locus ID: 27280

UniProt ID: Q9WV95

Cytogenetics: 1 59.26 cM

Gene Summary: p53/TP53-regulated repressor of Akt/AKT1 signaling. Represses AKT1 by preventing AKT1-

binding to membrane lipids, thereby inhibiting AKT1 translocation to the cellular membrane and activation. Contributes to p53/TP53-dependent apoptosis by repressing AKT1 activity. Its

direct transcription regulation by p53/TP53 may explain how p53/TP53 can negatively

regulate AKT1. May act as a tumor suppressor (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]