

Product datasheet for MG216649

Ffar2 (NM 001168512) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Ffar2 (NM_001168512) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: **TurboGFP**

Ffar2 Symbol:

Synonyms: GPCR43; Gpr43

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector: pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide >MG216649 representing NM_001168512 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s) Sequence:

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC

GCCGCGATCGCC

CCAACCTGCTGGCCCTGCGGGCCTTCATGGGCCGGGTTCGCCAGCCTCAGCCTGCCCCTGTGCACATCCT CCTGCTTAATCTGACCCTGGCGGACTTGCTCCTGTTGCTGCTGCTGCCCTTCCGGATCGTGGAAGCAGCA TCCAACTTCCGCTGGTACCTACCAAAGATCGTGTGCGCGCTGACAGGCTTCGGCTTCTACAGCAGCATCT ACTGCAGCACGTGGCTGCCGGGCATCAGCATGGAACGCTACCTGGGAGTGGCCTTCCCGGTGCAGTA CAAGTTATCCCGCCGGCCACTGTATGGAGTGATCGCTGCTCTGGTGGCCTGGATCATGTCCTTTGGCCAC TGCACCATCGTCATCATCGTTCAGTACCTGAACTCAACTGAGCAGGTGGGCACTGAGAACCAAATAACCT GCTACGAGAACTTCACCCAAGAGCAGCTGGATGTGGTACTGCCCGTACGACTGGAGCTGTGCCTGGTCCT GTTTTTCGTTCCCATGGCAGTCACCATCTTCTGTTATTGGCGCTTCGTGTGGATCATGCTCACGCAGCCC CACGTTGGGGCTCAGAGGCGACGCCGGGCAGTGGGCCTGGCTGTTGTGACGCTTCTTAATTTCCTGGTGT GCTTTGGACCCTACAACATGTCCCACCTGGTGGGGTTCTACCTGAGGCAGAGCCCCTCGTGGCGGGTGGA GGCTGTGGTGTTCAGTTCCCTCAATGCCAGCCTGGATCCATTATTGTTCTACTTCTCCTCCTCCGTGGTG CGCAGAGCTTTTGGGAAAGGTTTGCTACTGATCCGCAATCCTGCCTCCTCTATGCTGGGCAGGGGAGCCA AAGAGACAGTGGAGGGGACCAAGATGGACAGGGGTGGAAGTCAAGCAGAAGGGGTACAGAGTTCTGAATT **TGTCACCGAG**

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA



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Protein Sequence: >MG216649 representing NM_001168512

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MTPDWHSSLILTAYILIFLTGLPANLLALRAFMGRVRQPQPAPVHILLLNLTLADLLLLLLLPFRIVEAA SNFRWYLPKIVCALTGFGFYSSIYCSTWLLAGISMERYLGVAFPVQYKLSRRPLYGVIAALVAWIMSFGH CTIVIIVQYLNSTEQVGTENQITCYENFTQEQLDVVLPVRLELCLVLFFVPMAVTIFCYWRFVWIMLTQP HVGAQRRRRAVGLAVVTLLNFLVCFGPYNMSHLVGFYLRQSPSWRVEAVVFSSLNASLDPLLFYFSSSVV RRAFGKGLLLIRNPASSMLGRGAKETVEGTKMDRGGSQAEGVQSSEFVTE

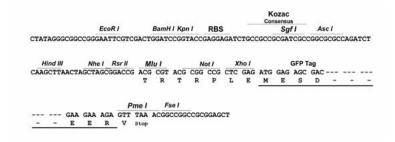
TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites:

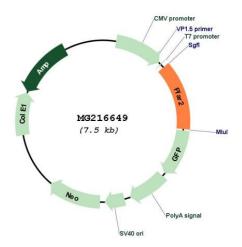
Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning Scheme:





Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001168512

ORF Size: 990 bp



Ffar2 (NM_001168512) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone - MG216649

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001168512.1</u>, <u>NP 001161984.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2059 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 993 bp

 Locus ID:
 233079

 UniProt ID:
 Q8VCK6

Cytogenetics: 7 B1



Gene Summary:

G protein-coupled receptor that is activated by a major product of dietary fiber digestion, the short chain fatty acids (SCFAs), and that plays a role in the regulation of whole-body energy homeostasis and in intestinal immunity. In omnivorous mammals, the short chain fatty acids acetate, propionate and butyrate are produced primarily by the gut microbiome that metabolizes dietary fibers. SCFAs serve as a source of energy but also act as signaling molecules. That G protein-coupled receptor is probably coupled to the pertussis toxinsensitive, G(i/o)-alpha family of G proteins but also to the Gq family (PubMed:23589301). Its activation results in the formation of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, the mobilization of intracellular calcium, the phosphorylation of the MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK1/ERK2 kinases and the inhibition of intracellular cAMP accumulation. May play a role in glucose homeostasis by regulating the secretion of GLP-1, in response to short-chain fatty acids accumulating in the intestine (PubMed:22190648, PubMed:23589301). May also regulate the production of LEP/Leptin, a hormone acting on the central nervous system to inhibit food intake (PubMed:20399779). Finally, may also regulate whole-body energy homeostasis through adipogenesis regulating both differentiation and lipid storage of adipocytes (PubMed:16123168, PubMed:23589301). In parallel to its role in energy homeostasis, may also mediate the activation of the inflammatory and immune responses by SCFA in the intestine, regulating the rapid production of chemokines and cytokines (PubMed:23665276). May also play a role in the resolution of the inflammatory response and control chemotaxis in neutrophils (PubMed:19917676, PubMed:19865172). In addition to SCFAs, may also be activated by the extracellular lectin FCN1 in a process leading to activation of monocytes and inducing the secretion of interleukin-8/IL-8 in response to the presence of microbes. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]