

Product datasheet for MG202946

Egln3 (NM_028133) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Egln3 (NM_028133) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: TurboGFP

Symbol: Egln3

Synonyms: 2610021G09Rik; Al505553; Al648162; Hif-p4h-3; Phd3; SM-20

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide >MG202946 representing NM_028133

Sequence: Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC

GCCGCGATCGCC

CTGCTCTTGCTAAAGAC

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA



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Protein Sequence: >MG202946 representing NM_028133

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MPLGHIMRLDLEKIALEYIVPCLHEVGFCYLDNFLGEVVGDCVLERVKQLHYNGALRDGQLAGPRAGVSK RHLRGDQITWIGGNEEGCEAINFLLSLIDRLVLYCGSRLGKYYVKERSKAMVACYPGNGTGYVRHVDNPN GDGRCITCIYYLNKNWDAKLHGGVLRIFPEGKSFVADVEPIFDRLLFFWSDRRNPHEVQPSYATRYAMTV WYFDAEERAEAKKKFRNLTRKTESALAKD

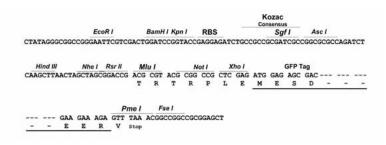
TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites:

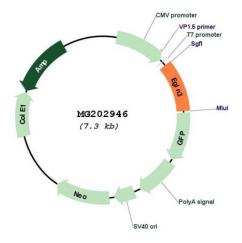
Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning Scheme:





Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_028133

ORF Size: 717 bp



Egln3 (NM_028133) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone - MG202946

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: NM 028133.1, NP 082409.1

RefSeq Size: 2656 bp
RefSeq ORF: 720 bp
Locus ID: 112407
UniProt ID: Q91UZ4

Cytogenetics: 12 C1



Gene Summary:

Plays a crucial role in DNA damage response (DDR) by hydroxylating TELO2, promoting its interaction with ATR which is required for activation of the ATR/CHK1/p53 pathway (By similarity). Cellular oxygen sensor that catalyzes, under normoxic conditions, the posttranslational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins. Hydroxylates a specific proline found in each of the oxygen-dependent degradation (ODD) domains (N-terminal, NODD, and C-terminal, CODD) of HIF1A. Also hydroxylates HIF2A. Has a preference for the CODD site for both HIF1A and HIF2A. Hydroxylation on the NODD site by EGLN3 appears to require prior hydroxylation on the CODD site. Hydroxylated HIFs are then targeted for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex. Under hypoxic conditions, the hydroxylation reaction is attenuated allowing HIFs to escape degradation resulting in their translocation to the nucleus, heterodimerization with HIF1B, and increased expression of hypoxy-inducible genes. ELGN3 is the most important isozyme in limiting physiological activation of HIFs (particularly HIF2A) in hypoxia. Also hydroxylates PKM in hypoxia, limiting glycolysis. Under normoxia, hydroxylates and regulates the stability of ADRB2. Regulator of cardiomyocyte and neuronal apoptosis. In cardiomyocytes, inhibits the anti-apoptotic effect of BCL2 by disrupting the BAX-BCL2 complex. In neurons, has a NGFinduced proapoptotic effect, probably through regulating CASP3 activity. Also essential for hypoxic regulation of neutrophilic inflammation. Target proteins are preferentially recognized via a LXXLAP motif.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]