

## Product datasheet for **MG200768**

### Ap2s1 (NM\_198613) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids  
**Product Name:** Ap2s1 (NM\_198613) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone  
**Tag:** TurboGFP  
**Symbol:** Ap2s1  
**Synonyms:** A1043088  
**Mammalian Cell Selection:** Neomycin  
**Vector:** pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)  
**E. coli Selection:** Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)  
**ORF Nucleotide Sequence:** >MG200768 representing NM\_198613  
Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGATCCGATTCATCCTTATCCAGTGGTACATGCAGTTCGATGACGACGAGAAGCAGAAGCTGATCGAGG  
AGGTGCACGCCGTGGTCACCGTCAGGGATGCCAAGCACACCAACTTTGTGGAGTCCGGAACCTCAAGT  
CATCTACCGACGCTACGCTGGCCTCTACTTCTGCATCTGCGTGGATGTCAACGACAACAATCTGGCCTAT  
CTCGAGGCCATCCACAACCTTCGTAGAAGTGTTAAATGAATACTCCACAATGTCTGTGAAGTGGACCTGG  
TGTTCAACTTCTACAAGGTTTACACGGTGGTAGATGAGATGTTCTCGCAGGAGAGATCCGAGAGACCAG  
CCAGACGAAGGTGCTGAAGCAGCTGCTGATGCTGCAGTCCCTGGAG

**ACGCGT**ACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA

**Protein Sequence:** >MG200768 representing NM\_198613  
Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MIRFILIQWYMQFDDDEKQKLIEEVHAVVTVRDAKHTNFVEFRNFKIIYRRYAGLYFCICVDVNDNNLAY  
LEAIHNFVEVLNEYFHNVCLELDLVFNFYKYVTVVDEMFLAGEIRETSQTKVLKQLLMLQSLE

**TRTRPLE** - GFP Tag - V

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-MluI

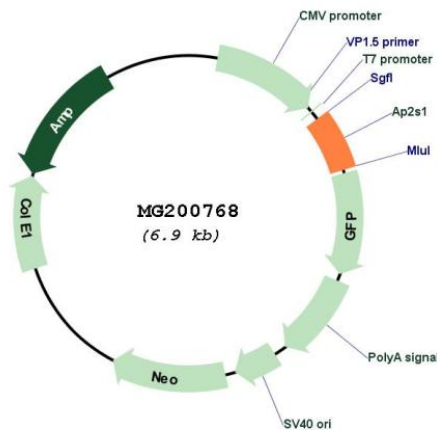


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## Cloning Scheme:



## Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM\_198613

ORF Size: 396 bp

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

<b>OTI Annotation:</b>	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
<b>Components:</b>	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
<b>Reconstitution Method:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<a href="#">NM_198613.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_941015.1</a>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	829 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	429 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	232910
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	<a href="#">P62743</a>
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	7 A2
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>Component of the adaptor protein complex 2 (AP-2). Adaptor protein complexes function in protein transport via Transport vesicles in different membrane traffic pathways. Adaptor protein complexes are vesicle coat components and appear to be involved in cargo selection and vesicle formation. AP-2 is involved in clathrin-dependent endocytosis in which cargo proteins are incorporated into vesicles surrounded by clathrin (clathrin-coated vesicles, CCVs) which are destined for fusion with the early endosome. The clathrin lattice serves as a mechanical scaffold but is itself unable to bind directly to membrane components. Clathrin-associated adaptor protein (AP) complexes which can bind directly to both the clathrin lattice and to the lipid and protein components of membranes are considered to be the major clathrin adaptors contributing the CCV formation. AP-2 also serves as a cargo receptor to selectively sort the membrane proteins involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis. AP-2 seems to play a role in the recycling of synaptic vesicle membranes from the presynaptic surface. AP-2 recognizes Y-X-X-[FILMV] (Y-X-X-Phi) and [ED]-X-X-X-L-[LI] endocytosis signal motifs within the cytosolic tails of transmembrane cargo molecules. AP-2 may also play a role in maintaining normal post-endocytic trafficking through the ARF6-regulated, non-clathrin pathway. The AP-2 alpha and AP-2 sigma subunits are thought to contribute to the recognition of the [ED]-X-X-X-L-[LI] motif. May also play a role in extracellular calcium homeostasis (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]</p>