

Product datasheet for MC226081

Cryab (NM_001289784) Mouse Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Cryab (NM_001289784) Mouse Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: Cryab

Synonyms: Cry; Crya; Crya-2; Crya2; Hsp; HspB5; P23

Vector:pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)E. coli Selection:Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Cell Selection: Neomycin

Fully Sequenced ORF: >MC226081 representing NM_001289784

Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Orange=Stop codon

 ${\tt TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCCC}$

GCCGCGATCGCC

ATGGACATCGCCATCCACCACCCCTGGATCCGGCGCCCCTTCTTCCCCTTCCACTCCCCAAGCCGCCTCT
TCGACCAGTTCTTCGGAGAGCACCTGTTGGAGTCTGACCTCTTCTCAACAGCCACTTCCCTGAGCCCCTT
CTACCTTCGGCCACCCTCCTTCCTGCGGGCACCCCAGCTGGATTGACACCGGACTCTCAGAGATGCGTTTG
GAGAAGGACAGATTCTCTGTGAATCTGGACGTGAAGCACTTCTCTCCGGAGGAACATCAAAGTCAAGGTTC
TGGGGGACGTGATTGAGGTCCACGGCAAGCACGAAGAACGCCAGGACGAACATGGCTTCATCTCCAGGGA
GTTCCACAGGAAGTACCGGATCCCAGCCGATGTGGATCCTCTCACCATCACTTCATCCCTGTCATCTGAT
GGAGTCCTCACTGTGAATGGACCAAGGAAACAGGTGTCTGGCCCTGAGCGCACCATTCCCATCACCCGTG
AAGAGAAAGCCTGCTGTCGCCGCAGCCCCTAAGAAGTAG

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT

ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

ACCN: NM_001289784

Insert Size: 528 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

Cryab (NM_001289784) Mouse Untagged Clone - MC226081

OTI Annotation: Clone contains native stop codon, and expresses the complete ORF without any c-terminal

tag.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001289784.1</u>, <u>NP 001276713.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 885 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 528 bp

 Locus ID:
 12955

 UniProt ID:
 P23927

 Cytogenetics:
 9 27.75 cM

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the small heat-shock protein (HSP20) family. The encoded

protein is a molecular chaperone that protects proteins against thermal denaturation and other stresses. This protein is a component of the eye lens, regulates lens differentiation and

functions as a refractive element in the lens. This protein is a negative regulator of inflammation, has anti-apoptotic properties and also plays a role in the formation of muscular tissue. Mice lacking this gene exhibit worse experimental autoimmune

encephalomyelitis and inflammation of the central nervous system compared to the wild type. In mouse models, this gene has a critical role in alleviating the pathology of the neurodegenerative Alexander disease. Mutations in the human gene are associated with myofibrillar myopathy 2, fatal infantile hypertonic myofibrillar myopathy, multiple types of cataract and dilated cardiomyopathy. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript

variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]

Transcript Variant: This variant (3) differs in the 5' UTR compared to variant 1. Variants 1 through 4 encode the same protein. Sequence Note: The RefSeq transcript and protein were derived from genomic sequence to make the sequence consistent with the reference genome assembly. The genomic coordinates used for the transcript record were based on alignments.