

Product datasheet for MC212153

H1f6 (NM_010377) Mouse Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: H1f6 (NM_010377) Mouse Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free
Symbol: H1f6

Synonyms: H1-6; H1.6; H1ft; H1t; Hist1h; Hist1h1t

Vector:pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)E. coli Selection:Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Cell Selection: Neomycin

Fully Sequenced ORF: >MC212153 representing NM_010377

630 bp

Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Orange=Stop codon

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC

GCCGCGATCGCC

 ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT

ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA

Restriction Sites:Sgfl-MlulACCN:NM_010377

Insert Size:

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).



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Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 010377.3</u>, <u>NP 034507.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 735 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 630 bp

 Locus ID:
 107970

 UniProt ID:
 Q07133

 Cytogenetics:
 13 A3.1

Gene Summary: Histones are basic nuclear proteins responsible for nucleosome structure of the

chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H1 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead

contain a palindromic termination element [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]