

## Product datasheet for **MC210781**

### Ifitm1 (NM\_026820) Mouse Untagged Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Ifitm1 (NM_026820) Mouse Untagged Clone
Tag:	Tag Free
Symbol:	Ifitm1
Synonyms:	1110036C17Rik; DSPA2a; Mil-2; Mil2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
Fully Sequenced ORF:	>MC210781 representing NM_026820 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Orange=Stop codon

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGCCTAAGGAGCAGCAAGAGGTGGTTGTACTGGGGTCACCCACATCTCTACTTCTGCGACAGCCACCA  
CAATCAACATGCCTGAGATCTCCACGCCTGACCATGTGATCTGGTCCCTGTTCAATACACTCTTCATGAA  
CTTCTGCTGCCTGGGCTTCATAGCCTATGCCTACTCCGTGAAGTCTAGGGACAGGAAGATGGTGGGTGAT  
ACGACTGGGGCCAGGCCTTCGCCTCCACGCCAAGTGCCTGAACATCAGCTCCCTGTTCTCACCATCC  
TCACGGCCATCGTCGTCATCGTTGTCTGTGCCATTAG**TGA**

**ACGCGT**ACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT  
ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA

Chromatograms:	<a href="https://cdn.origene.com/chromatograms/ja2018_e04.zip">https://cdn.origene.com/chromatograms/ja2018_e04.zip</a>
Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-MluI
ACCN:	NM_026820
Insert Size:	321 bp



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**OTI Disclaimer:** Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at [custsupport@origene.com](mailto:custsupport@origene.com) or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:**

1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** [BC027285](#), [AAH27285](#)

**RefSeq Size:** 676 bp

**RefSeq ORF:** 321 bp

**Locus ID:** 68713

**UniProt ID:** [Q9D103](#)

**Cytogenetics:** 7 F5

**Gene Summary:**

IFN-induced antiviral protein which inhibits the entry of viruses to the host cell cytoplasm, permitting endocytosis, but preventing subsequent viral fusion and release of viral contents into the cytosol. Active against multiple viruses, including influenza A virus, SARS coronavirus (SARS-CoV), Marburg virus (MARV), Ebola virus (EBOV), Dengue virus (DENV) and West Nile virus (WNV). Can inhibit: influenza virus hemagglutinin protein-mediated viral entry, MARV and EBOV GP1,2-mediated viral entry and SARS-CoV S protein-mediated viral entry. Also implicated in cell adhesion and control of cell growth and migration. Plays a key role in the antiproliferative action of IFN-gamma either by inhibiting the ERK activation or by arresting cell growth in G1 phase in a p53-dependent manner. Acts as a positive regulator of osteoblast differentiation.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Transcript Variant: This variant (1) differs in the 5' UTR compared to variant 2. Variants 1, 2, and 3 all encode the same isoform (a). Sequence Note: This RefSeq record was created from transcript and genomic sequence data to make the sequence consistent with the reference genome assembly. The genomic coordinates used for the transcript record were based on transcript alignments.