

Product datasheet for MC204068

Krtcap2 (NM_025327) Mouse Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Krtcap2 (NM_025327) Mouse Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: Krtcap2

Synonyms: 0610010I12Rik; Kcp2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: PCMV6-Kan/Neo (PCMV6KN)

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >BC031492

Restriction Sites: Rsrll-Notl

ACCN: NM_025327

Insert Size: 411 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).



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Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

Note: Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with

0.22um filter is required.

RefSeq: <u>BC031492</u>, <u>AAH31492</u>

RefSeq Size: 502 bp
RefSeq ORF: 411 bp
Locus ID: 66059
UniProt ID: Q5RL79
Cytogenetics: 3 F1

Gene Summary: Subunit of the oligosaccharyl transferase (OST) complex that catalyzes the initial transfer of a

defined glycan (Glc(3)Man(9)GlcNAc(2) in eukaryotes) from the lipid carrier dolichol-

pyrophosphate to an asparagine residue within an Asn-X-Ser/Thr consensus motif in nascent

polypeptide chains, the first step in protein N-glycosylation. N-glycosylation occurs

cotranslationally and the complex associates with the Sec61 complex at the channel-forming translocon complex that mediates protein translocation across the endoplasmic reticulum

(ER). All subunits are required for a maximal enzyme activity. May be involved in N-glycosylation of APP (amyloid-beta precursor protein). Can modulate gamma-secretase cleavage of APP by enhancing endoprotelysis of PSEN1.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function] Transcript Variant: This variant (1) represents the longer transcript and encodes the longer

isoform (1).