

## **Product datasheet for MC202960**

## H2bc4 (NM 023422) Mouse Untagged Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

Product Name: H2bc4 (NM\_023422) Mouse Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: H2bc4

**Synonyms:** 2610022J01Rik; H2bc6; H2bc8; H2bf; H2bfs; Hist1h2; Hist1h2bc; R74621

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: PCMV6-Kan/Neo (PCMV6KN)

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >BC019673 sequence for NM\_023422

**Restriction Sites:** Rsrll-Notl ACCN: NM\_023422

**Insert Size:** 381 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).



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## **Reconstitution Method:**

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** <u>BC019673</u>, <u>AAH19673</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 740 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 381 bp

 Locus ID:
 68024

 UniProt ID:
 06ZWY9

 Cytogenetics:
 13 A3.1

**Gene Summary:** Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the

chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H2B family and generates two transcripts through the use of the conserved stemloop termination motif, and the polyA addition motif. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015] Transcript Variant: This variant (1) represents the longer, two exon transcript and contains a

polyA signal and site. Variants 1 and 2 encode the same protein.