

Product datasheet for MC201094

Atp5j (NM_016755) Mouse Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Atp5j (NM_016755) Mouse Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: Atp5j

Synonyms: Atp5pf; CF6

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector: PCMV6-Kan/Neo (PCMV6KN)

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >BC010766 sequence for NM_016755

Restriction Sites:RsrII-NotIACCN:NM_016755

Insert Size: 327 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>BC010766</u>, <u>AAH10766</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 797 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 327 bp

 Locus ID:
 11957

 UniProt ID:
 P97450

 Cytogenetics:
 16 C3.3

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a component of mitochondrial adenosine triphosphate

synthase, which catalyzes the conversion of ATP from ADP. Mitochondrial adenosine

triphosphate synthase consists of extrinsic and intrinsic membrane domains that are joined by a stalk. The protein encoded by this gene is a subunit of the stalk domain. A bi-directional promoter that drives expression of this gene has been has been identified. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on chromosomes 14 and 17. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2014]

Transcript Variant: This variant (2) differs in the 5' UTR compared to variant 1. Variants 1, 2, 3,

4, 5, 6 and 7 encode the same protein.