

Product datasheet for MC200633

Psmb3 (NM_011971) Mouse Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: Psmb3 (NM_011971) Mouse Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free
Symbol: Psmb3

Synonyms: AL033320; C10-II

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: PCMV6-Kan/Neo (PCMV6KN)

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >BC014783 sequence for NM_011971

GCCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

Restriction Sites: Rsrll-Notl **ACCN:** NM_011971

Insert Size: 618 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>BC014783</u>, <u>AAH14783</u>

RefSeq Size:721 bpRefSeq ORF:618 bpLocus ID:26446UniProt ID:Q9R1P1

Gene Summary:

Cytogenetics: 11 61.07 cM

Component of the 20S core proteasome complex involved in the proteolytic degradation of most intracellular proteins. This complex plays numerous essential roles within the cell by associating with different regulatory particles. Associated with two 19S regulatory particles, forms the 26S proteasome and thus participates in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The 26S proteasome plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins that could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Associated with

the PA200 or PA28, the 20S proteasome mediates ubiquitin-independent protein degradation. This type of proteolysis is required in several pathways including

spermatogenesis (20S-PA200 complex) or generation of a subset of MHC class I-presented

antigenic peptides (20S-PA28 complex).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]