

# **Product datasheet for KN505910**

### Ffar3 Mouse Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR)

### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Knockout Kits (CRISPR)

**Format:** 2 gRNA vectors, 1 linear donor

**Donor DNA:** EF1a-GFP-P2A-Puro

Symbol: Ffar3

**Locus ID:** 233080

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#### Components:

**KN505910G1**, Ffar3 gRNA vector 1 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002) **KN505910G2**, Ffar3 gRNA vector 2 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002) **KN505910D**, Linear donor DNA containing LoxP-EF1A-tGFP-P2A-Puro-LoxP: The sequence below is cassette sequence only. The linear donor DNA also contains proprietary target sequence.

LoxP-EF1A-tGFP-P2A-Puro-LoxP (2739 bp)

ATAACTTCGT ATAATGTATG CTATACGAAG TTATCGTGAG GCTCCGGTGC CCGTCAGTGG GCAGAGCGCA CATCGCCCAC AGTCCCCGAG AAGTTGGGGG GAGGGGTCGG CAATTGAACC GGTGCCTAGA GAAGGTGGCG CGGGGTAAAC TGGGAAAGTG ATGTCGTGTA CTGGCTCCGC CTTTTTCCCG AGGGTGGGGG AGAACCGTAT ATAAGTGCAG TAGTCGCCGT GAACGTTCTT TTTCGCAACG GGTTTGCCGC CAGAACACAG GTAAGTGCCG TGTGTGGTTC CCGCGGGCCT GGCCTCTTTA CGGGTTATGG CCCTTGCGTG CCTTGAATTA CTTCCACCTG GCTGCAGTAC GTGATTCTTG ATCCCGAGCT TCGGGTTGGA AGTGGGTGGG AGAGTTCGAG GCCTTGCGCT TAAGGAGCCC CTTCGCCTCG TGCTTGAGTT GAGGCCTGGC CTGGGCGCTG GGGCCGCCGC GTGCGAATCT GGTGGCACCT TCGCGCCTGT CTCGCTGCTT TCGATAAGTC TCTAGCCATT TAAAATTTTT GATGACCTGC TGCGACGCTT TTTTTCTGGC AAGATAGTCT TGTAAATGCG GGCCAAGATC TGCACACTGG TATTTCGGTT TTTGGGGCCG CGGGCGGCA CGGGGCCCGT GCGTCCCAGC GCACATGTTC GGCGAGGCGG GGCCTGCGAG CGCGGCCACC GAGAATCGGA CGGGGGTAGT CTCAAGCTGG CCGGCCTGCT CTGGTGCCTG GCCTCGCGCC GCCGTGTATC GCCCCGCCT GGGCGGCAAG GCTGGCCCGG TCGGCACCAG TTGCGTGAGC GGAAAGATGG CCGCTTCCCG GCCCTGCTGC AGGGAGCTCA AAATGGAGGA CGCGGCGCTC GGGAGAGCGG GCGGGTGAGT CACCCACACA AAGGAAAAGG GCCTTTCCGT CCTCAGCCGT CGCTTCATGT GACTCCACGG AGTACCGGGC GCCGTCCAGG CACCTCGATT AGTTCTCGAG CTTTTGGAGT ACGTCGTCTT TAGGTTGGGG GGAGGGGTTT TATGCGATGG AGTTTCCCCA CACTGAGTGG GTGGAGACTG AAGTTAGGCC AGCTTGGCAC TTGATGTAAT TCTCCTTGGA ATTTGCCCTT TTTGAGTTTG GATCTTGGTT CATTCTCAAG CCTCAGACAG TGGTTCAAAG TTTTTTCTT CCATTTCAGG TGTCGTGAAT GGAGAGCGAC GAGAGCGGCC TGCCCGCCAT GGAGATCGAG TGCCGCATCA CCGGCACCCT GAACGGCGTG GAGTTCGAGC TGGTGGGCGG CGGAGAGGGC ACCCCCGAGC AGGGCCGCAT GACCAACAAG ATGAAGAGCA CCAAAGGCGC CCTGACCTTC AGCCCCTACC TGCTGAGCCA CGTGATGGGC TACGGCTTCT ACCACTTCGG CACCTACCCC AGCGGCTACG AGAACCCCTT CCTGCACGCC ATCAACACG GCGGCTACAC CAACACCCGC ATCGAGAAGT ACGAGGACGG CGGCGTGCTG CACGTGAGCT TCAGCTACCG CTACGAGGCC GGCCGCGTGA TCGGCGACTT CAAGGTGATG GGCACCGGCT TCCCCGAGGA CAGCGTGATC TTCACCGACA AGATCATCCG CAGCAACGCC ACCGTGGAGC ACCTGCACCC CATGGGCGAT AACGATCTGG ATGGCAGCTT CACCCGCACC TTCAGCCTGC GCGACGGCGG CTACTACAGC TCCGTGGTGG ACAGCCACAT GCACTTCAAG AGCGCCATCC ACCCCAGCAT CCTGCAGAAC GGGGGCCCCA TGTTCGCCTT CCGCCGCGTG GAGGAGGATC ACAGCAACAC CGAGCTGGGC ATCGTGGAGT ACCAGCACGC CTTCAAGACC CCGGATGCAG ATGCCGGTGA AGAAAGAGGA AGCGGAGCTA CTAACTTCAG CCTGCTGAAG CAGGCTGGAG ACGTGGAGGA GAACCCTGGA CCTATGACCG AGTACAAGCC CACGGTGCGC CTCGCCACCC GCGACGACGT CCCCAGGGCC GTACGCACCC TCGCCGCCGC GTTCGCCGAC TACCCCGCCA CGCGCCACAC CGTCGATCCG GACCGCCACA TCGAGCGGGT CACCGAGCTG CAAGAACTCT TCCTCACGCG CGTCGGGCTC GACATCGGCA AGGTGTGGGT CGCGGACGAC GGCGCCGCGG TGGCGGTCTG GACCACGCCG GAGAGCGTCG AAGCGGGGGC GGTGTTCGCC GAGATCGGCC CGCGCATGGC CGAGTTGAGC GGTTCCCGGC TGGCCGCGCA GCAACAGATG GAAGGCCTCC TGGCGCCGCA CCGGCCCAAG GAGCCCGCGT GGTTCCTGGC CACCGTCGGC GTCTCGCCCG ACCACCAGGG CAAGGGTCTG GGCAGCGCCG TCGTGCTCCC CGGAGTGGAG GCGGCCGAGC GCGCCGGGGT GCCCGCCTTC CTGGAGACCT CCGCGCCCCG CAACCTCCCC TTCTACGAGC GGCTCGGCTT CACCGTCACC GCCGACGTCG AGGTGCCCGA AGGACCGCGC ACCTGGTGCA TGACCCGCAA GCCCGGTGCC TGAAACTTGT TTATTGCAGC TTATAATGGT TACAAATAAA GCAATAGCAT CACAAATTTC ACAAATAAAG CATTTTTTTC ACTGCATTCT AGTTGTGGTT TGTCCAAACT CATCAATGTA TCTTAATAAC TTCGTATAAT GTATGCTATA CGAAGTTAT





#### Ffar3 Mouse Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR) - KN505910

**Disclaimer:** These products are manufactured and supplied by OriGene under license from ERS. The kit is

designed based on the best knowledge of CRISPR technology. The system has been functionally validated for knocking-in the cassette downstream the native promoter. The efficiency of the knock-out varies due to the nature of the biology and the complexity of the

experimental process.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 001033316</u>

UniProt ID: Q3UFD7

Synonyms: Gm478; Gpr41

Summary:

G protein-coupled receptor that is activated by a major product of dietary fiber digestion, the short chain fatty acids (SCFAs), and that plays a role in the regulation of whole-body energy homeostasis and in intestinal immunity. In omnivorous mammals, the short chain fatty acids acetate, propionate and butyrate are produced primarily by the gut microbiome that metabolizes dietary fibers. SCFAs serve as a source of energy but also act as signaling molecules. That G protein-coupled receptor is probably coupled to the pertussis toxinsensitive, G(i/o)-alpha family of G proteins. Its activation results in the formation of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, the mobilization of intracellular calcium, the phosphorylation of the MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK1/ERK2 kinases and the inhibition of intracellular cAMP accumulation. Activated by SCFAs and by beta-hydroxybutyrate, a ketone body produced by the liver upon starvation, it inhibits N-type calcium channels and modulates the activity of sympathetic neurons through a signaling cascade involving the beta and gamma subunits of its coupled G protein, phospholipase C and MAP kinases. Thereby, it may regulate energy expenditure through the control of the sympathetic nervous system that controls for instance heart rate (PubMed:21518883, PubMed:22673524). Upon activation by SCFAs accumulating in the intestine, it may also signal to the brain via neural circuits which in turn would regulate intestinal gluconeogenesis. May also control the production of hormones involved in wholebody energy homeostasis. May for instance, regulate blood pressure through renin secretion (PubMed:23401498). May also regulate secretion of the PYY peptide by enteroendocrine cells and control gut motility, intestinal transit rate, and the harvesting of energy from SCFAs produced by gut microbiota (PubMed:18931303). May also indirectly regulate the production of LEP/Leptin, a hormone acting on the CNS to inhibit food intake, in response to the presence of short-chain fatty acids in the intestine (PubMed:14722361, PubMed:20399779). Finally, may also play a role in glucose homeostasis (PubMed:22190648, PubMed:24748202). Besides its role in energy homeostasis, may play a role in intestinal immunity. May mediate the activation of the inflammatory and immune response by SCFAs in the gut, regulating the rapid production of chemokines and cytokines by intestinal epithelial cells (PubMed:23665276). Exhibits an SCFA-independent constitutive G protein-coupled receptor activity (PubMed:23066016).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]



## **Product images:**

