

Product datasheet for **KN504119**

Cyp2c23 Mouse Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR)

Product data:

Product Type:	Knockout Kits (CRISPR)
Format:	2 gRNA vectors, 1 linear donor
Donor DNA:	EF1a-GFP-P2A-Puro
Symbol:	Cyp2c23
Locus ID:	226143



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Components:

KN504119G1, Cyp2c23 gRNA vector 1 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)

KN504119G2, Cyp2c23 gRNA vector 2 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)

KN504119D, Linear donor DNA containing LoxP-EF1A-tGFP-P2A-Puro-LoxP:

The sequence below is cassette sequence only. The linear donor DNA also contains proprietary target sequence.

LoxP-EF1A-tGFP-P2A-Puro-LoxP (2739 bp)

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ATAACTTCGT ATAATGTATG CTATACGAAG TTATCGTGAG GCTCCGGTGC CCGTCAGTGG GCAGAGCGCA
CATCGCCAC AGTCCCGAG AAGTTGGGG GAGGGGTGCG CAATTGAACC GGTGCCTAGA GAAGGTGGCG
CGGGGTAAAC TGGGAAAGTG ATGTCGTGTA CTGGCTCCGC CTTTTCCCG AGGGTGGGG AGAACCGTAT
ATAAGTCAG TAGTCGCCGT GAACGTTCTT TTTGCAACG GGTTCGCCG CAGAACACAG GTAAGTGCCG
TGTGTGGTTC CCGCGGGCCT GGCCTCTTTA CGGGTTATGG CCCTTGCGTG CCTTGAATTA CTTCCACCTG
GCTGCAGTAC GTGATTCTTG ATCCGAGCT TCGGGTTGGA AGTGGGTGGG AGAGTTCGAG GCCTTGCGCT
TAAGGAGCCC CTTCGCCTCG TGCTTGAGTT GAGGCCTGGC CTGGGCGCTG GGGCCGCCG GTGCGAATCT
GGTGGCACCT TCGCGCCTGT CTCGCTGCTT TCGATAAGTC TCTAGCCATT TAAAAATTTT GATGACCTGC
TGCAGCGCTT TTTTCTGGC AAGATAGTCT TGTAAATGCG GGCCAAGATC TGCACACTGG TATTTTCGTT
TTTGGGGCCG CGGGCGGCGA CGGGGCCCGT GCGTCCCAGC GCACATGTTC GGCAGGCGG GGCCTGCGAG
CGCGGCCACC GAGAATCGGA CGGGGGTAGT CTCAAGCTGG CCGGCCTGCT CTGGTGCCTG GCCTCGCGCC
GCCGTGTATC GCCCGGCCCT GGGCGGCAAG GCTGGCCCGG TCGGCACCAAG TTGCGTGAGC GGAAAGATGG
CCGCTTCCCG GCCCTGCTGC AGGGAGCTCA AAATGGAGGA CGCGGCGCTC GGGAGAGCGG GCGGGTGAGT
CACCCACACA AAGGAAAAGG GCCTTCCCGT CCTCAGCCGT CGCTTCATGT GACTCCACGG AGTACCGGGC
GCCGTCCAGG CACCTCGATT AGTTCTCGAG CTTTGGAGT ACCTCGTCTT TAGGTTGGGG GGAGGGGTTT
TATGCGATGG AGTTTCCCA CACTGAGTGG GTGGAGACTG AAGTTAGGCC AGCTTGGCAG TTGATGTAAT
TCTCCTTGGG ATTTGCCCTT TTTGAGTTG GATCTTGGTT CATTCTCAAG CCTCAGACAG TGTTCAAAG
TTTTTTCTT CCATTTCAAG TGTCGTGAAT GGAGAGCGAC GAGAGCGGCC TGCCCGCCAT GGAGATCGAG
TGCCGCATCA CCGGCACCTT GAACGGCGTG GAGTTCGAGC TGTTGGGCGG CGGAGAGGGC ACCCCGAGC
AGGGCCGCAT GACCAACAAG ATGAAGAGCA CCAAAGGCGC CCTGACCTTC AGCCCTACC TGCTGAGCCA
CGTGATGGG TACGGCTTCT ACCACTTCGG CACCTACCCC AGCGGCTACG AGAACCCCTT CCTGCACGCC
ATCAACAACG GCGGCTACAC CAACACCCGC ATCGAGAAGT ACGAGGACGG CGGCGTGCTG CACGTGAGCT
TCAGCTACCG CTACGAGGCC GGCCGCGTGA TCGGCGACTT CAAGGTGATG GGCACCGGCT TCCCCGAGGA
CAGCGTGATC TTCACCGACA AGATCATCCG CAGCAACGCC ACCGTGGAGC ACCTGCACCC CATGGCGGAT
AACGATCTGG ATGGCAGCTT CACCCGACCC TTCAGCCTGC GCGACGGCGG CTAATACAGC TCCGTGGTGG
ACAGCCACAT GCACTTCAAG AGCGCCATCC ACCCCAGCAT CCTGCAGAAC GGGGGCCCCA TGTTCCGCTT
CCGCCCGGTG GAGGAGGATC ACAGCAACAC CGAGCTGGGC ATCGTGAGT ACCAGCACGC CTTCAAGACC
CCGGATGCAG ATGCCGGTGA AGAAAGAGGA AGCGGAGCTA CTAAGTTCAG CCTGCTGAAG CAGGCTGGAG
ACGTGGAGGA GAACCTTGA CCTATGACCG AGTACAAGCC CACGGTGCGC CTCGCCACCC GCGACGACGT
CCCCAGGGCC GTACGCACCC TCGCCGCCGC GTTCGCCGAC TACCCGCA CGCGCCACAC CGTCGATCCG
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AGGTGTGGGT CGCGGACGAC GCGCCCGCGG TGGCGGTCTG GACCACGCCG GAGAGCGTGC AAGCGGGGGC
GGTGTTCGCC GAGATCGGCC CGCGCATGGC CGAGTTGAGC GGTTCCCGGC TGGCCGCGCA GCAACAGATG
GAAGGCCTCC TGGCGCCGCA CCGGCCCAAG GAGCCCGCGT GGTTCTTGGC CACCGTCGGC GTCTCGCCCG
ACCACAGGG CAAGGTCTG GGCAGCGCCG TCGTGCTCCC CGGAGTGGAG GCGGCCGAGC GCGCCGGGT
GCCCGCCTTC CTGGAGACCT CCGCGCCCCG CAACCTCCCC TTCTACGAGC GGCTCGGCTT CACCGTCACC
GCCGACGTCG AGGTGCCGA AGGACCGCGC ACCTGGTGCA TGACCCGCAA GCCCGGTGCC TGAACTTGT
TTATTGCAGC TTATAATGGT TACAAATAAA GCAATAGCAT CACAAATTTT ACAAATAAAG CATTTTTTTC
ACTGCATTCT AGTTGTGGT TGTCCAACT CATCAATGTA TCTTAATAA TTCGTATAAT GTATGCTATA CGAAGTTAT

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RefSeq: [NM_001001446](#), [NM_001167905](#)

UniProt ID: [A0A1D5RLI1](#)

Synonyms: AW107714; b2b386Clo; BC034834

Summary: A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFAs) metabolism and signaling (PubMed:15084647). Catalyzes preferentially the epoxidation of double bonds of PUFAs (PubMed:15084647). Converts arachidonic acid primarily to stereospecific products (8R,9S)-epoxyeicosatrienoate (EET) and (11R,12S)-EET (PubMed:15084647). Via EETs may inhibit the epithelial sodium channels in nephron segments, leading to increased sodium excretion and stable systemic blood pressure (PubMed:24966089, PubMed:24368771). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR; NADPH-ferrihemoprotein reductase) (PubMed:15084647).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Product images:

