

Product datasheet for **KN405790**

CIDE A (CIDEA) Human Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR)

Product data:

Product Type:	Knockout Kits (CRISPR)
Format:	2 gRNA vectors, 1 linear donor
Donor DNA:	EF1a-GFP-P2A-Puro
Symbol:	CIDE A
Locus ID:	1149



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Components:
KN405790G1, CIDE A gRNA vector 1 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)

KN405790G2, CIDE A gRNA vector 2 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)

KN405790D, Linear donor DNA containing LoxP-EF1A-tGFP-P2A-Puro-LoxP:

The sequence below is cassette sequence only. The linear donor DNA also contains proprietary target sequence.

LoxP-EF1A-tGFP-P2A-Puro-LoxP (2739 bp)

ATAACTTCGT ATAATGTATG CTATACGAAG TTATCGTGAG GCTCCGGTGC CCGTCAGTGG GCAGAGCGCA
 CATCGCCAC AGTCCCGAG AAGTTGGGG GAGGGGTGCG CAATTGAACC GGTGCCTAGA GAAGGTGGCG
 CGGGGTAAAC TGGGAAAGTG ATGTCGTGTA CTGGCTCCGC CTTTTCCCG AGGGTGGGG AGAACCGTAT
 ATAAGTCAG TAGTCGCCGT GAACGTTCTT TTTGCAACG GGTTCGCCG CAGAACACAG GTAAGTGCCG
 TGTGTGGTTC CCGCGGGCCT GGCCTCTTTA CGGGTTATGG CCCTTGCGTG CCTTGAATTA CTTCCACCTG
 GCTGCAGTAC GTGATTCTTG ATCCGAGCT TCGGGTTGGA AGTGGGTGGG AGAGTTCGAG GCCTTGCGCT
 TAAGGAGCCC CTTCGCCTCG TGCTTGAGTT GAGGCCTGGC CTGGGCGCTG GGGCCGCCG GTGCGAATCT
 GGTGGCACCT TCGCGCCTGT CTCGCTGCTT TCGATAAGTC TCTAGCCATT TAAAATTTT GATGACCTGC
 TCGCAGCCTT TTTTCTGGC AAGATAGTCT TGTAAATGCG GGCCAAGATC TGCACACTGG TATTTCCGTT
 TTTGGGGCCG CGGGCGGCGA CGGGGCCCGT GCGTCCCAGC GCACATGTTC GGCAGGCGG GGCCTGCGAG
 CGCGGCCACC GAGAATCGGA CGGGGGTAGT CTCAAGCTGG CCGGCCTGCT CTGGTGCCTG GCCTCGCGCC
 GCCGTGTATC GCCCGGCCCT GGGCGGCAAG GCTGGCCCGG TCGGCACCAAG TTGCGTGAGC GGAAAGATGG
 CCGCTTCCCG GCCCTGCTGC AGGGAGCTCA AAATGGAGGA CGCGGCGCTC GGGAGAGCGG GCGGGTGAGT
 CACCCACACA AAGGAAAAGG GCCTTCCCGT CCTCAGCCGT CGCTTCATGT GACTCCACGG AGTACCGGGC
 GCCGTCCAGG CACCTCGATT AGTTCTCGAG CTTTGGAGT ACCTCGTCTT TAGGTTGGGG GGAGGGGTTT
 TATGCGATGG AGTTTCCCCA CACTGAGTGG GTGGAGACTG AAGTTAGGCC AGCTTGGCAG TTGATGTAAT
 TCTCCTTGGG ATTTGCCCTT TTTGAGTTTG GATCTTGGTT CATTCTCAAG CCTCAGACAG TGGTTCAAAG
 TTTTTTCTT CCATTTCAAG TGTCGTGAAT GGAGAGCGAC GAGAGCGGCC TGCCCGCCAT GGAGATCGAG
 TGCCGCATCA CCGGCACCTT GAACGGCGTG GAGTTCGAGC TGGTGGGCGG CGGAGAGGGC ACCCCGAGC
 AGGGCCGCAT GACCAACAAG ATGAAGAGCA CCAAAGGCGC CCTGACCTTC AGCCCTACC TGCTGAGCCA
 CGTGATGGG TACGGTTCTT ACCACTTCGG CACCTACCCC AGCGGCTACG AGAACCCCTT CCTGCACGCC
 ATCAACAACG GCGGCTACAC CAACACCCGC ATCGAGAAGT ACGAGGACGG CGGCGTGCTG CACGTGAGCT
 TCAGCTACCG CTACGAGGCC GGCCGCGTGA TCGGCGACTT CAAGGTGATG GGCACCGGCT TCCCCGAGGA
 CAGCGTGATC TTCACCGACA AGATCATCCG CAGCAACGCC ACCGTGGAGC ACCTGCACCC CATGGCGGAT
 AACGATCTGG ATGGCAGCTT CACCCGACCC TTCAGCCTGC GCGACGGCGG CTAATACAGC TCCGTGGTGG
 ACAGCCACAT GCACTTCAAG AGCGCCATCC ACCCCAGCAT CCTGCAGAAC GGGGGCCCCA TGTTCCGCTT
 CCGCCGCGTG GAGGAGGATC ACAGCAACAC CGAGCTGGGC ATCGTGAGT ACCAGCACGC CTTCAAGACC
 CCGGATGCAG ATGCCGGTGA AGAAAGAGGA AGCGGAGCTA CTAAGTTTCA CCGTCTGAAG CAGGCTGGAG
 ACGTGGAGGA GAACCTTGA CCTATGACCG AGTACAAGCC CACGGTGCGC CTCGCCACCC GCGACGACGT
 CCCAGGGGCC GTACGCACCC TCGCCGCCGC GTTCGCCGAC TACCCGCCA CGGCCACAC CGTCGATCCG
 GACCGCCACA TCGAGCGGGT CACCGAGCTG CAAGAAGTCT TCCTCACGCG CGTCGGGCTC GACATCGGCA
 AGGTGTGGGT CGCGGACGAC GCGCCCGCGG TGGCGGTCTG GACCACGCCG GAGAGCGTGC AAGCGGGGGC
 GGTGTTTCGC GAGATCGGCC CGCGCATGGC CGAGTTGAGC GGTTCGCCG TGCCCGCGCA GCAACAGATG
 GAAGGCCCTC TGCGCCGCA CCGGCCAAG GAGCCCGCT GGTTCCTGGC CACCGTCGGC GTCTCGCCCG
 ACCACCAGGG CAAGGTCTG GGCAGCGCCG TCGTGCTCCC CGGAGTGGAG GCGGCCGAGC GCGCCGGGGT
 GCCCGCCTTC CTGGAGACCT CCGCGCCCCG CAACCTCCCC TTCTACGAGC GGCTCGGCTT CACCGTCACC
 GCCGACGTCG AGGTGCCGA AGGACCGCGC ACCTGGTGCA TGACCCGCAA GCCCGGTGCC TGAACTTGT
 TTATTGCAGC TTATAATGGT TACAAATAAA GCAATAGCAT CACAAATTTT ACAAATAAAG CATTTTTTTC
 ACTGCATTCT AGTTGTGGT TGTCCAACT CATCAATGTA TCTTAATAA TTCGTATAAT GTATGCTATA CGAAGTTAT



RefSeq: [NM_001279](#), [NM_001318383](#), [NM_198289](#), [NR_036468](#), [NR_134607](#)

UniProt ID: [O60543](#)

Synonyms: CIDE-A

Summary: This gene encodes the homolog of the mouse protein Cidea that has been shown to activate apoptosis. This activation of apoptosis is inhibited by the DNA fragmentation factor DFF45 but not by caspase inhibitors. Mice that lack functional Cidea have higher metabolic rates, higher lipolysis in brown adipose tissue and higher core body temperatures when subjected to cold. These mice are also resistant to diet-induced obesity and diabetes. This suggests that in mice this gene product plays a role in thermogenesis and lipolysis. Alternatively spliced transcripts have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010]

Product images:

