

## Product datasheet for **KN211601BN**

### L1CAM Human Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR)

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Knockout Kits (CRISPR)
Format:	2 gRNA vectors, 1 mBFP-Neo donor, 1 scramble control
Donor DNA:	mBFP-Neo
Symbol:	L1CAM
Locus ID:	3897
Components:	<p><b>KN211601G1</b>, L1CAM gRNA vector 1 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)</p> <p><b>KN211601G2</b>, L1CAM gRNA vector 2 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)</p> <p><b>KN211601BND</b>, donor DNA containing left and right homologous arms and mBFP-Neo functional cassette.</p> <p><b>GE100003</b>, scramble sequence in pCas-Guide vector</p>
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_000425</a> , <a href="#">NM_001143963</a> , <a href="#">NM_001278116</a> , <a href="#">NM_024003</a>
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P32004</a>
Synonyms:	CAML1; CD171; HSAS; HSAS1; MASA; MIC5; N-CAM-L1; N-CAML1; NCAM-L1; S10; SPG1
Summary:	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is an axonal glycoprotein belonging to the immunoglobulin supergene family. The ectodomain, consisting of several immunoglobulin-like domains and fibronectin-like repeats (type III), is linked via a single transmembrane sequence to a conserved cytoplasmic domain. This cell adhesion molecule plays an important role in nervous system development, including neuronal migration and differentiation. Mutations in the gene cause X-linked neurological syndromes known as CRASH (corpus callosum hypoplasia, retardation, aphasia, spastic paraplegia and hydrocephalus). Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants, some of which include an alternate exon that is considered to be specific to neurons. [provided by RefSeq, May 2013]</p>



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## Product images:

