

Product datasheet for KN206548RB

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PSMA (FOLH1) Human Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR)

Product data:

Product Type: Knockout Kits (CRISPR)

Format: 2 gRNA vectors, 1 RFP-BSD donor, 1 scramble control

Donor DNA: RFP-BSD
Symbol: PSMA
Locus ID: 2346

Components: KN206548G1, PSMA gRNA vector 1 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)

KN206548G2, PSMA gRNA vector 2 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002)

KN206548RBD, donor DNA containing left and right homologous arms and RFP-BSD

functional cassette.

GE100003, scramble sequence in pCas-Guide vector

Disclaimer: These products are manufactured and supplied by OriGene under license from ERS. The kit is

designed based on the best knowledge of CRISPR technology. The system has been functionally validated for knocking-in the cassette downstream the native promoter. The efficiency of the knock-out varies due to the nature of the biology and the complexity of the

experimental process.

RefSeq: NM 001014986, NM 001193471, NM 001193472, NM 001193473, NM 004476,

NM 001351236

UniProt ID: Q04609

Synonyms: FGCP; FOLH; GCP2; GCPII; mGCP; NAALAD1; NAALAdase; PSM; PSMA



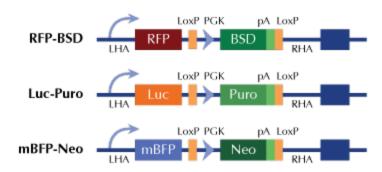


Summary:

This gene encodes a type II transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the M28 peptidase family. The protein acts as a glutamate carboxypeptidase on different alternative substrates, including the nutrient folate and the neuropeptide N-acetyl-l-aspartyl-l-glutamate and is expressed in a number of tissues such as prostate, central and peripheral nervous system and kidney. A mutation in this gene may be associated with impaired intestinal absorption of dietary folates, resulting in low blood folate levels and consequent hyperhomocysteinemia. Expression of this protein in the brain may be involved in a number of pathological conditions associated with glutamate excitotoxicity. In the prostate the protein is upregulated in cancerous cells and is used as an effective diagnostic and prognostic indicator of prostate cancer. This gene likely arose from a duplication event of a nearby chromosomal region. Alternative splicing gives rise to multiple transcript variants encoding several different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2010]

Product images:

Donor Vector Edited Chromosome



RFP, Luc, and mBFP will be under native gene promoter