

## Product datasheet for **KN202309BN**

### GAPDH Human Gene Knockout Kit (CRISPR)

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Knockout Kits (CRISPR)
Format:	2 gRNA vectors, 1 mBFP-Neo donor, 1 scramble control
Donor DNA:	mBFP-Neo
Symbol:	GAPDH
Locus ID:	2597
Components:	<b>KN202309G1</b> , GAPDH gRNA vector 1 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002), Target Sequence: CAAGGCTCGTAGACGCGGTT <b>KN202309G2</b> , GAPDH gRNA vector 2 in pCas-Guide CRISPR vector (GE100002), Target Sequence: TCAACGGGTGAGTTCGCGGG <b>KN202309BND</b> , donor DNA containing left and right homologous arms and mBFP-Neo functional cassette. <b>GE100003</b> , scramble sequence in pCas-Guide vector
Disclaimer:	These products are manufactured and supplied by OriGene under license from ERS. The kit is designed based on the best knowledge of CRISPR technology. The system has been functionally validated for knocking-in the cassette downstream the native promoter. The efficiency of the knock-out varies due to the nature of the biology and the complexity of the experimental process.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001256799</a> , <a href="#">NM_001289745</a> , <a href="#">NM_001289746</a> , <a href="#">NM_002046</a> , <a href="#">NM_001357943</a> , <a href="#">NR_152150</a>
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P04406</a>
Synonyms:	G3PD; GAPD; HEL-S-162eP



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**Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase protein family. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions. The product of this gene catalyzes an important energy-yielding step in carbohydrate metabolism, the reversible oxidative phosphorylation of glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate in the presence of inorganic phosphate and nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD). The encoded protein has additionally been identified to have uracil DNA glycosylase activity in the nucleus. Also, this protein contains a peptide that has antimicrobial activity against *E. coli*, *P. aeruginosa*, and *C. albicans*. Studies of a similar protein in mouse have assigned a variety of additional functions including nitrosylation of nuclear proteins, the regulation of mRNA stability, and acting as a transferrin receptor on the cell surface of macrophage. Many pseudogenes similar to this locus are present in the human genome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2014]

**Product images:**
