

Mouse CCL5/RANTES Immunoassay

Catalog Number: EA800133

For the quantitative determination of mouse CCL5/RANTES concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MANUFACTURED AND DISTRIBUTED BY:

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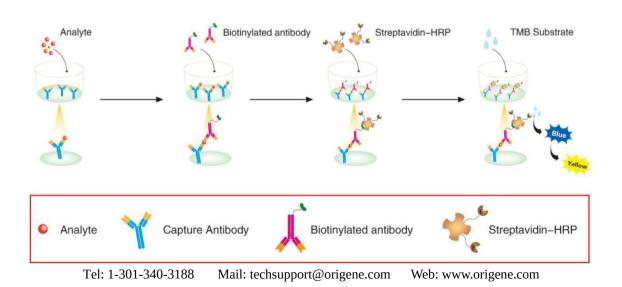
BACKGROUND

RANTES (Regulated upon Activation, Normal T cell-expressed, and presumably Secreted), also known as CCL5, a member of the CC chemokine family of inflammatory and immunoregulatory cytokines, initially discovered by subtractive hybridization as a T cell-specific molecule. Mouse RANTES cDNA encodes a 91 amino acid (aa) residue precursor protein with a presumed signal peptide of 23 aa residues that is cleaved to generate the 68 aa residue mature protein. At the amino acid sequence level, mouse RANTES is 84% identical to human RANTES. Both human and mouse RANTES exhibit cross species activity. Cells known to express RANTES include keratinocytes, eosinophils, platelets, endothelium, fibroblasts, respiratory epithelium, astrocytes, vascular smooth muscle, and CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cells. As suggested by its acronym, RANTES production by the various cell types is induced in

response to cytokine stimulation.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for CCL5 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any CCL5 present is captured by the coated antibody after incubation. Following extensive washing, a biotin-conjugate antibody specific for CCL5 is added to detect the captured CCL5 protein in sample. For signal development, horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated Streptavidin is added, followed by tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB) reagent. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, and enzyme conjugate is added to the wells. Solution containing sulfuric acid is used to stop color development and the color intensity which is proportional to the quantity of bound protein is measurable at 450nm.



Schematic diagram:



TECHNICAL HINTS AND LIMITATIONS

- 1. This ELISA should not be used beyond the expiration data on the kit label.
- 2. To avoid cross-contamination, use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
- 3. To ensure accurate results, some details, such as technique, plasticware and water sources should be emphasized.
- 4. A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance.
- 5. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.
- 6. It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- 7. Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. Buffers containing protein should be made under aseptic conditions and be prepared fresh daily.
- 8. In order to ensure the accuracy of the results, the standard curve should be made every time.

PRECAUTIONS

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.



KIT COMPONENTS& STORAGE CONDITIONS

| PART | SIZE | STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL |
|--|----------|---|
| Microwell Plate - antibody coated 96-well Microplate (8 wells ×12 strips) | 1 plate | Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at $2 - 8^{\circ}C^{**}$ |
| Standard - lyophilized,2000 pg/ml upon reconstitution | 2 vials | Aliquot and Store at -20°C** for six months |
| Concentrated Biotin-Conjugated antibody (100X) - 120 ul/vial | 1 vial | Store at 2-8°C **for six months |
| Concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution(100X) - 120 ul/vial | 1 vial | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Standard /Sample Diluent - 16 ml/vial | 1 bottle | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Biotin-ConjugateantibodyDiluent - 16 ml/vial | 1 bottle | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Streptavidin-HRP Diluent - 16 ml/vial | 1 bottle | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) - 30 ml/vial | 1 bottle | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Substrate Solution - 12 ml/vial | 1 bottle | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Stop Solution - 12 ml/vial | 1 bottle | Store at 2-8°C** for six months |
| Plate Cover Seals | 4 pieces | |

**Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.



OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- 1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 3. Deionized or distilled water.
- 4. Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- 5. 500 mL graduated cylinder.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION & STORAGE

Cell Culture Supernates - Centrifuge cell culture media at 1000×g to remove debris. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 2 hours at

room temperature or overnight at 2-8°C. Centrifuge approximately for 15 minutes at

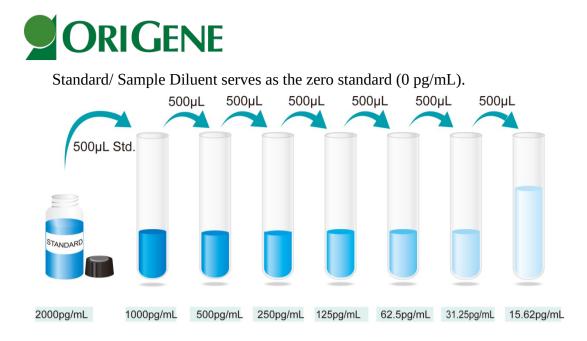
1000×g. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000×g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: The normal mouse serum or plasma samples are suggested to make a 1:2 dilution.

REAGENTS PREPARATION

- **1. Temperature returning** Bring all kit components and specimen to room temperature (20-25°C) before use.
- 2. Wash Buffer Dilute 30mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate with 570mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 600mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- **3. Standard/Specimen** Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0mL of Standard/Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 2000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 500μL of Standard/ Sample Diluent into 1000pg/ml tube and the remaining tubes. Use the stock solution of 2000pg/mL to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 1000 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The



Preparation of CCL5 standard dilutions

*If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20°C. Diluted standard shall not be reused.

4. Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-mouse CCL5 antibody: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

*The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.

5. Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

*The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Prepare all reagents and standards as directed. Wash the plate 3 times before assay.



| \mathbb{Q} | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Add 100µl standard or samples to each well, incubate 90 minutes,37°C. | | | | |
| Aspirate and wash 4 times | | | | |
| Add 100µl working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-mouse CCL5 antibody to each well, incubate 60 minutes,37°C. | | | | |
| Aspirate and wash 4 times | | | | |
| Add 100µl working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well, incubate 30 minutes,37°C. | | | | |
| \square Aspirate and wash 5 times | | | | |
| Add 100µl Substrate solution to each well, incubate 15 minutes,37°C.Protect from light. | | | | |
| Ũ | | | | |
| Add 50 μ l Stop solution to each well. Read at 450nm within 5 minutes. | | | | |

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

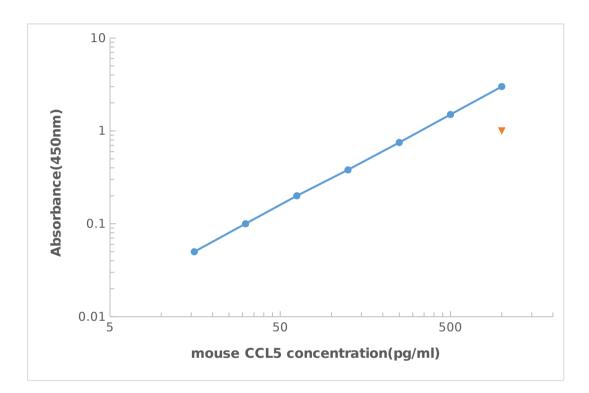
- 1. The standard curve is used to determine the amount of specimens.
- 2. First, average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample. All O.D. values are subtracted by the mean value of blank control before result interpretation.
- 3. Construct a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- 4. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the CCL5 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- 5. This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

| Standard(pg/ ml) | OD. | OD. | Average | Corrected |
|---------------------|-------|------|---------|-----------|
| 0 | 0.046 | 0.05 | 0.048 | |

Typical data using the CCL5 ELISA



| 15.62 | 0.087 | 0.090 | 0.088 | 0.040 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31.25 | 0.192 | 0.203 | 0.197 | 0.149 |
| 62.5 | 0.319 | 0.356 | 0.337 | 0.289 |
| 125 | 0.548 | 0.564 | 0.556 | 0.508 |
| 250 | 0.867 | 0.835 | 0.851 | 0.803 |
| 500 | 1.429 | 1.454 | 1.441 | 1.393 |
| 1000 | 2.563 | 2.591 | 2.577 | 2.529 |



Representative standard curve for CCL5 ELISA.

Performance Characteristics

SENSITIVITY: The minimum detectable dose was 8pg/mL.

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SPECIFICITY: This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant mouse CCL5. The factors listed below were prepared at 100ng/ml in Standard /sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Factors assayed for cross-reactivity

| Recombinant mouse | Recombinant rat | Recombinant human |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| G-CSF | CINC-1 | IP-10 |
| GM-CSF | | IL-8 |
| C10 | | MIP-1α |
| IL-1β□ | | ΜΙΡ-1β |
| IL-2□ | | |
| IL-3 | | |
| IL-4 | | |
| IL-6 | | |
| IL-7 | | |
| MARC | | |

REPEATABILITY: The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.

RECOVERY: The recovery of CCL5 spiked to three different levels in four samples throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

| Sample Type | Average % of Expected Range (%) | Range (%) |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| Citrate plasma | 86 | 81-104 |
| Cell culture supernatants | 95 | 90-112 |

Recovery of CCL5 in two matrices

LINEARITY: To assess the linearity of the assay, three samples were spiked with high concentrations of CCL5 in various matrices and diluted with the appropriate



Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay. (The plasma samples were initially diluted 1:1)

| Dilution ratio | Recovery (%) | Citrate plasma | Cell culture supernatants |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| 1.0 | Average% of Expected | 92 | 105 |
| 1:2 | Range (%) | 85-102 | 96-113 |
| 1:4 | Average% of Expected | 94 | 105 |
| | Range (%) | 91-108 | 101-117 |
| 1.0 | Average% of Expected | 96 | 107 |
| 1:8 | Range (%) | 87-106 | 95-114 |
| 1:16 | Average% of Expected | 95 | 103 |
| | Range (%) | 90-102 | 96-114 |

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