

Human MIP-3α Immunoassay

Catalog Number: EA800090

For the quantitative determination of human MIP-3 α concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MANUFACTURED AND DISTRIBUTED BY:

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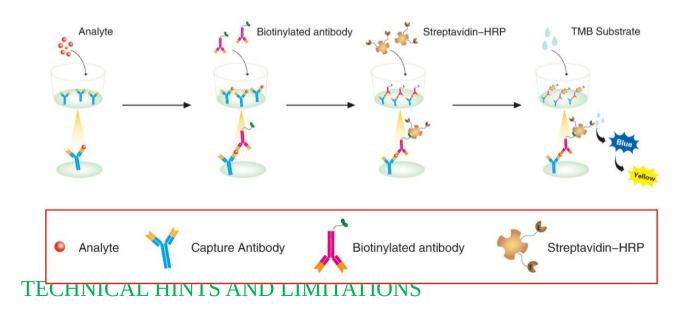
BACKGROUND

MIP-3 α [also known as LARC (liver and activation-regulated chemokine), Exodus-1 or CCL20] is a CC chemokine with a selective chemotactic activity for lymphocytes and dendritic cells (DCs). MIP-3 α plays an important role in the regulation of DC trafficking, and recruitment and activation of T cells. The full-length cDNA for MIP-3 α encodes a protein of 96 amino acids (aa) that shows relatively low sequence similarity to other human CC chemokines. It shares the highest aa sequence homology with MIP-1 β (28% identity). Human MIP-3 α demonstrates 64% sequence identity with the mouse orthologue of MIP-3 α . MIP-3 α contains the four conserved cysteine residues as well as three out of five other aa residues that are highly conserved among CC chemokines. The tyrosine and threonine residues that are typically present between the second and third cysteine residues in other CC chemokines are substituted in MIP-3 α with phenylalanine and alanine, respectively. MIP-3 α also differs from other CC chemokines in that it maps to human chromosome 2 vs. chromosome 17.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for MIP-3 α has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any MIP-3 α present is captured by the coated antibody after incubation. Following extensive washing, a biotin-conjugate antibody specific for MIP-3 α is added to detect the captured MIP-3 α protein in sample. For signal development, horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated Streptavidin is added, followed by tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB) reagent. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, and enzyme conjugate is added to the wells. Solution containing sulfuric acid is used to stop color development and the color intensity which is proportional to the quantity of bound protein is measurable at 450nm.

Schematic diagram:





- 1. This ELISA should not be used beyond the expiration data on the kit label.
- 2. To avoid cross-contamination, use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
- 3. To ensure accurate results, some details, such as technique, plasticware and water sources should be emphasized.
- 4. A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance.
- 5. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.
- 6. It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- 7. Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. Buffers containing protein should be made under aseptic conditions and be prepared fresh daily.
- 8. In order to ensure the accuracy of the results, the standard curve should be made every time.

PRECAUTIONS

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

KIT COMPONENTS& STORAGE CONDITIONS



PART	SIZE	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL	
Microwell Plate - antibody coated 96-well Microplate (8 wells ×12 strips)	1 plate	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at $2-8^{\circ}C^{**}$	
Standard - lyophilized,2000 pg/ml upon reconstitution	2 vials	Aliquot and Store at -20°C** for six months	
Concentrated Biotin-Conjugated antibody(100X) - 120 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C **for six months	
Concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution(100X) - 120 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C** for six months	
Standard/Sample Diluent - 16 ml/ vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C** for six months	
Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C** for six months	
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C** for six months	
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) - 30 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C** for six months	
Substrate Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C** for six months	
Stop Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle Store at 2-8°C** for six months		
Plate Cover Seals	4 pieces		

^{**}Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED



- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 3. Deionized or distilled water.
- 4. Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- 5. 500 mL graduated cylinder.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION & STORAGE

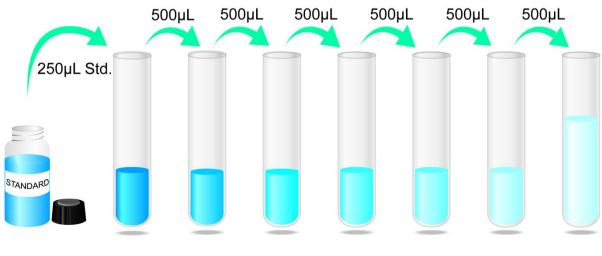
Cell Culture Supernates - Centrifuge cell culture media at 1000×g to remove debris. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 2 hours at room temperature or overnight at 2-8°C. Centrifuge approximately for 15 minutes at 1000×g. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000×g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: The normal human serum or plasma samples are suggested to make a 1:2 dilution.

REAGENTS PREPARATION

- **Temperature returning** Bring all kit components and specimen to room temperature (20-25°C) before use.
- Wash Buffer Dilute 30mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate with 570mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 600mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- Standard/Specimen Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0mL of Standard/Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 2000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 750µL of Standard/Sample Diluent into the 500pg/mL tube, and add 250μL stock solution of 2000 pg/mL into it to get the high standard of 500pg/mL. Pipette 500μL of Standard/Sample Diluent into the remaining tubes. Use the high standard to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 500 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard.



2000pg/mL

500pg/mL

250pg/mL

125pg/mL

62.5pg/mL

31.25pg/mL 15.62pg/mL

7.81pg/mL



Preparation of MIP-3α standard dilutions

- *If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20°C. Diluted standard shall not be reused.
- **4. Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human MIP-3α antibody:** Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.
 - *The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.
- **5. Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP**: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.
 - *The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Prepare all reagents and standards as directed. Wash the plate 3 times before assay.				
Add 100µl standard or samples to each well, incubate 90 minutes,37°C.				
Aspirate and wash 4 times				
Add 100μl working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human MIP-3α antibody to each well, incubate 60 minutes,37°C.				
☐ Aspirate and wash 4 times				



Add 100µl working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well, incubate 30 minutes,37°C.

 \square Aspirate and wash 5 times

Add 100µl Substrate solution to each well, incubate 15 minutes,37°C.Protect from light.

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Add 50µl Stop solution to each well. Read at 450nm within 5 minutes.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

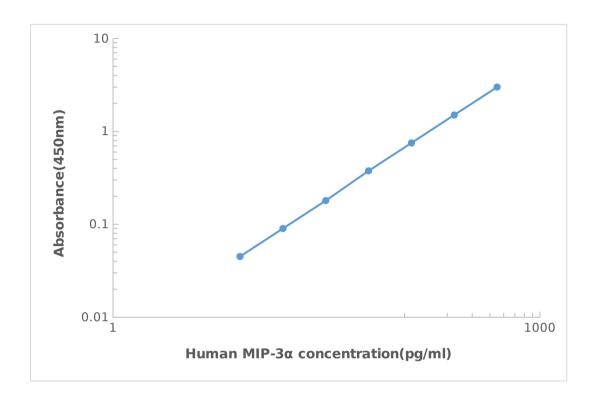
- 1. The standard curve is used to determine the amount of specimens.
- 2. First, average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample. All O.D. values are subtracted by the mean value of blank control before result interpretation.
- 3. Construct a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- 4. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the MIP- 3α concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- 5. This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Typical data using the MIP-3α ELISA

Standard(pg/ ml)	OD.	OD.	Average	Corrected
0	0.023	0.021	0.022	
7.8	0.061	0.060	0.061	0.039
15.63	0.095	0.093	0.094	0.072
31.25	0.181	0.180	0.181	0.159
62.5	0.285	0.283	0.284	0.262



125	0.719	0.717	0.718	0.696
250	1.611	1.609	1.610	1.588
500	2.641	2.639	2.640	2.618



Representative standard curve for MIP-3 α ELISA.

Performance Characteristics

SENSITIVITY: The minimum detectable dose was 4pg/mL.

SPECIFICITY: This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human MIP-3α. The factors listed below were prepared at 100ng/ml in Standard /Sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Factors assayed for cross-reactivity



Recombinant human	Recombinant mouse	Recombinant porcine
6Ckine	6Ckine	
GROα	MIP-3α	
GROβ	МΙР-3β	
GROy		
HCC-4		
MCP-1		
MIP-1α		
PARC		
PTN		
RANTES		

REPEATABILITY: The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.

RECOVERY: The recovery of MIP-3 α spiked to three different levels in four samples throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

Recovery of MIP-3α in two matrices

Sample Type	Average % of Expected Range (%)	Range (%)
Citrate plasma	96	91-101
Cell culture supernatants	97	89-105

LINEARITY: To assess the linearity of the assay, three samples were spiked with high concentrations of MIP- 3α in various matrices and diluted with the appropriate Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay. (The plasma samples were initially diluted 1:1)

Dilution ratio	Recovery (%)	Citrate plasma	Cell culture supernatants
1:2	Average% of Expected	96	97



	Range (%)	90-102	90-104
1:4	Average% of Expected	98	98
1.4	Range (%)	88-108	90-106
1:8	Average% of Expected	93	105
1.0	Range (%)	84-102	94-113
1.16	Average% of Expected	95	106
1:16	Range (%)	84-107	97-115

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