

9620 Medical Center Drive, Suite 200, Rockville, MD 20850 Phone: 1.888.267.4436 Fax: 301-340-9254 Email: techsupport@origene.com Web: www.origene.com

Human TIM-3/HAVCR2 Fast ELISA Kit

Catalog Number: EA102956

Assay Principle

The OriGene Human HAVCR2 Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Human HAVCR2 with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for HAVCR2. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for HAVCR2. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is biotinylated polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Human HAVCR2 with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO, Immunogen sequence: S22-G202. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Human HAVCR2, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly propotional to Human HAVCR2 in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Human HAVCR2 in the sample.

Overview

Product Name	Human TIM-3/HAVCR2 Fast ELISA Kit
Reactive Species	Human
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.
-	Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative The Fast version of ELISA kits, assay takes less than 1.5 hours. Detection of Human TIM-3/HAVCR2. 96wells/kit, with removable strips.
	<10pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	31.2pg/ml-2000pg/ml
_	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles(Shipped with wet ice.)
Uniprot ID	Q8TDQ0

Technical Details

1 -	The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is biotinylated polyclonal antibody from goat.
Specificity	Natural and recombinant Human HAVCR2
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: NSO, Immunogen sequence: S22-G202



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Cross Reactivity

There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- 1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- 3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- 4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume
Anti-Human HAVCR2 Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells
Human HAVCR2 Standard	2	10ng/tube
Human HAVCR2 Biotinylated antibody (50x)	1	130 μΙ
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (30x)	1	400 μΙ
Sample Diluent	1	30ml
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml
Stop Solution	1	10ml
Plate Sealers	4	Piece

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500ml graduated cylinders.

Test tubes for dilution.

Human TIM-3/HAVCR2 Fast ELISA Kit (EA102956) Standard Curve Example

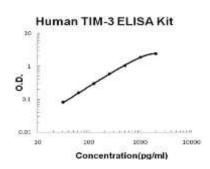
Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.



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Concentrati	ion 0	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
(pg/ml)								
O.D.	0.007	0.082	0.157	0.301	0.592	1.050	1.862	2.422

Human TIM-3 ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

OriGene spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision accross assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Intra-Assay Precision					Inter-Assay Precision			
	Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3	
	n	16	16	16	24	24	24	
	Mean(pg/ml)	51	224	977	50	216	884	
	Standard deviation	2.44	10.08	68.39	2.55	10.36	74.25	
	CV(%)	4.8%	4.5%	7%	8.4%%	4.8%	8.4%	

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	(7.5,)	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	51	57	53	50	52	2.68	5.1%
Sample 2	224	222	238	249	233	10.98	4.7%
Sample 3	977	1070	1006	898	987	61.78	6.2%

^{*}number of samples for each test n=16.



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Preparation Before The Experiment

Preparation
Bring all reagents to 37° C prior to use. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (20-25min) is based on 37° C.
Dissolve the included powder in 1000ml of deionized water. Excess wash buffer can be stored for up to one week at 4°C.
It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Human ANGPT1 Biotinylated antibody $(50x)$ 1:50 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 50 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Biotinylated antibody $(50x)$ to 49 μ l of Antibody Diluent. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex $(30x)$ 1:30 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 300 μ l by adding 10 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex $(30x)$ to 290 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10ng of lyophilized Human HAVCR2 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10 ng/ml using 1 ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making
dilutions.
The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

Dilution of Human HAVCR2 Standard

- 1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube #1-2000pg/ml, #2-1000pg/ml, #3-500pg/ml, #4-250pg/ml, #5-125pg/ml, #6-62.5pg/ml, #7-31.25pg/ml, #8-0.0 (Blank).
- 2. To generate standard #1, add 200 μ l of the reconstituted standard stock solution of 10ng/ml and 800 μ l of sample diluent to tube #1 for a final volume of 1000 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add 300 µl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μl of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard #3, add 300 μl of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.
- 7. Tube #8 is a blank standard to be used with every experiment.

Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.



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Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20 °C.
Plasma	Collect plasma using heparin or EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for $15\mathrm{min}$ at approximately $1,000\mathrm{x}$ g. Assay immediately or store samples at $-20\mathrm{^{\circ}C}$. *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 μ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37° C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
- 3. Add 50 μ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. And add 50 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human ANGPT1 antibody per well. Add 50 μ l of the sample diluent buffer and 50 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human ANGPT1 antibody into the control well (Zero well). At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 60 minutes at RT.
- 5. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- 6. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with plate sealer provided and incubate for $15 \,\mu$ minutes at RT.
- 7. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
- 8. $Add90\mu lofColorDevelopingReagent to each well and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 25-30 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)$
- 9. Add 100 μl of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.



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10. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on HAVCR2

Hepatitis A virus cellular receptor 2 (HAVCR2), also known as T-cell immunoglobulin and mucin-domain containing-3 (TIM-3), is a protein that in humans is encoded by the HAVCR2 gene. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily, and TIM family of proteins. CD4-positive T helper lymphocytes can be divided into types 1 (Th1) and 2 (Th2) on the basis of their cytokine secretion patterns. Th1 cells are involved in cell-mediated immunity to intracellular pathogens and delayed-type hypersensitivity reactions, whereas, Th2 cells are involved in the control of extracellular helminthic infections and the promotion of atopic and allergic diseases. This protein is a Th1-specific cell surface protein that regulates macrophage activation, and inhibits Th1-mediated auto- and alloimmune responses, and promotes immunological tolerance.