

Mouse Fibronectin Fast ELISA Kit

Catalog Number: EA102889

Assay Principle

The OriGene Mouse Fn1 Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Mouse Fn1 with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for Fn1. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for Fn1. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from rat, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Mouse Fn1 with immunogen: Expression system for standard: from plasma. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Mouse Fn1, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbound ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Mouse Fn1 in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Mouse Fn1 in the sample.

Overview

Product Name	Mouse Fibronectin Fast ELISA Kit
Reactive Species	Mouse
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.
Description	The Fast version of ELISA kits, assay takes less than 1.5 hours. Detect Mouse Fibronectin/FN1 with < 15pg/ml sensitivity. Format: 96-well plate with removable strips. Compatible samples: cell culture supernates, serum and plasma (heparin, EDTA, citrate). This is a TMB colorimetric sandwich ELISA kit with short assay time and fast experiment set up. Fibronectin/FN1 tissue specificity: Isoform 2 is expressed in skeletal and cardiac muscles only (at protein level). Isoform 1 is very weakly expressed in striated muscles and not The Fast version of ELISA kits, assay takes less than 1.5 hours. Detected in adult skeletal muscle fibers and cardiomyocytes. .
Sensitivity	< 15pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	156pg/ml-10000pg/ml
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles (Shipped with

	wet ice.)
Uniprot ID	P11276

Technical Details

Capture/Detection Antibodies	The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from rat, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat.
Specificity	Natural and recombinant Mouse Fn1
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: from plasma
Cross Reactivity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume
Anti-Mouse Fn1 Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells
Mouse Fn1 Standard	2	10ng/tube
Mouse Fn1 Biotinylated antibody (50x)	1	130 µl
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (30x)	1	400 µl
Sample Diluent	1	30ml
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml

Stop Solution	1	10ml
Plate Sealers	4	Piece

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500ml graduated cylinders.

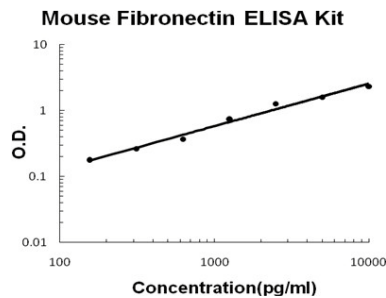
Test tubes for dilution.

Mouse Fibronectin Fast ELISA Kit (EA102889) Standard Curve Example

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration 0 (pg/ml)	156	312	625	125000	25000	5000	10000
O.D.	0.048	0.179	0.264	0.366	0.741	1.258	2.312

Mouse Fibronectin ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

OriGene spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision accross assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Sample	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean(pg/ml)	206	1683	4323	219	1843	3947
Standard deviation	13.39	126.22	293.96	15.54	160.34	335.49
CV(%)	6.5%	7.5%	6.8%	7.1%	8.7%	8.5%

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	Mean (pg/ml)	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	206	229	235	215	221	11.4	5.1%
Sample 2	1683	1597	1749	1766	1698	66.42	3.9%
Sample 3	4323	4412	4796	4012	4385	279.56	6.3%

*number of samples for each test n=16.

Preparation Before The Experiment

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (20-25min) is based on 37°C.
Wash buffer	Dissolve the included powder in 1000ml of deionized water. Excess wash buffer can be stored for up to one week at 4°C.
Biotinylated Anti-Mouse Fn1 antibody	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Human ANGPT1 Biotinylated antibody (50x) 1:50 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 50 µl by adding 1 µl of Biotinylated antibody (50x) to 49 µl of Antibody Diluent. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (30x) 1:30 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 300 µl by adding 10 µl of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (30x) to 290 µl of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Mix gently and

	<i>thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.</i>
<i>Mouse Fn1 Standard</i>	<i>It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10ng of lyophilized Mouse Fn1 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.</i>
<i>Microplate</i>	<i>The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.</i>

Dilution of Mouse Fn1 Standard

1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 – 10000pg/ml, #2 – 5000pg/ml, #3 – 2500pg/ml, #4 – 1250pg/ml, #5 – 625pg/ml, #6 – 312.5pg/ml, #7 – 156.25pg/ml, #8 – 0.0 (Blank).
2. For standard #1, add 1000µl of undiluted standard stock solution to tube #1.
3. Add 300 µl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
4. To generate standard #2, add 300 µl of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 µl. Mix thoroughly.
5. To generate standard #3, add 300 µl of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 µl. Mix thoroughly.
6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.
7. Tube #8 is a blank standard to be used with every experiment.

Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Plasma	Collect plasma using heparin, EDTA or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 μ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
3. Add 50 μ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. And add 50 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human ANGPT1 antibody per well. Add 50 μ l of the sample diluent buffer and 50 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human ANGPT1 antibody into the control well (Zero well). At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 60 minutes at RT.
5. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
6. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with plate sealer provided and incubate for 15 minutes at RT.
7. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
8. Add 90 μ l of Color Developing Reagent to each well and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 25-30 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
9. Add 100 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
10. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on Fn1

Fibronectin(FN) also known as LETS, is identified on the surfFN of fibroblasts by labeling with radioactive compounds or specific antibodies. Fibronectin is a 430,000-dalton dimeric glycoprotein that exists in 2 forms, termed cellular and plasma fibronectin. Cellular and plasma fibronectins are heterodimers consisting of similar but not identical polypeptides. These two forms of FN differ in biologic activity. Fibronectins bind cell surfFNs and various compounds including collagen, fibrin, heparin, DNA, and actin. Because fibronectin stimulates endocytosis in several systems and promotes the clearance of particulate material from the circulation, it could function in the clearance of C1q-coated material such as immune complexes or cellular debris. Fibronectins are involved in cell adhesion, cell motility, opsonization, wound healing, and maintenance of cell shape. LETS, encoded on chromosome 8, is responsible for the LETS protein expression in humans. Because LETS has been implicated in tumorigenicity and cellular transformation, it is of interest that rearrangement or modifications in the number of chromosome 8 have been associated with certain forms of cancer.