

9620 Medical Center Drive, Suite 200, Rockville, MD 20850 Phone: 1.888.267.4436 Fax: 301-340-9254 Email: techsupport@origene.com Web: www.origene.com

Mouse LDLR / OLR1 ELISA Kit

Catalog Number: EA102383

Assay Principle

The OriGene Mouse Ldlr Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Mouse Ldlr with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for Ldlr. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for Ldlr. The kit contains recombinant Mouse Ldlr with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: A22-R790. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Mouse LdIr, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Mouse LdIr in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Mouse LdIr in the sample.

Overview

Product Name	Mouse LDLR / OLR1 ELISA Kit		
Reactive Species	Mouse		
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.		
Description	Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Mouse LDLR. 96wells/kit, with removable strips.		
Sensitivity	<12pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.		
Detection Range	62.5pg/ml-4000pg/ml		
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles(Shipped with wet ice.)		
Uniprot ID	P35951		

Technical Details

Capture/Detection Antibodies



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Specificity	Natural and recombinant Mouse LdIr	
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: A22-R790	
Cross Reactivity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.	

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- 1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- 3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- 4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume
Anti-Mouse Ldlr Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells
Mouse Ldir Standard	2	10ng/tube
Mouse LdIr Biotinylated antibody (100x)	1	130 μΙ
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	1	130 μΙ
Sample Diluent	1	30ml
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml
Stop Solution	1	10ml
Plate Sealers	4	Piece

^{*}Why there is no wash buffer? Our Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent contains the detergent (TWEEN) normally present in other companies' ELISA kits. This saves you the step of having to wash with the special wash buffer and achieve similar or better signal to noise ratio. The wash can use regular wash buffers (PBS, TBS etc.) commonly found in labs.

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

1000ml of 1X wash buffer (TBS or PBS)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing $0.5\,\mu l$ through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.



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500ml graduated cylinders.

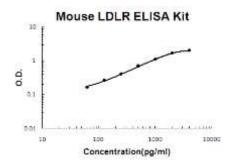
Test tubes for dilution.

Mouse LDLR / OLR1 ELISA Kit (EA102383) Standard Curve Example

 $Highest\,O.D.\ value\, might\, be\, higher\, or\, lower\, than\, in\, the\, example.\, The\, experiment\, result\, is\, statistically\, significant\, if\, the\, highest\, O.D.\, value\, is\, no\, less\, than\, 1.0.$

Concentra	tion 0	4000	2000	4000	2000	4000	2000	4000
(pg/ml)								
O.D.	0.019	0.163	0.261	0.406	0.692	1.098	1.682	1.981

Mouse LDLR ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

OriGene spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Intra-Assay Precision				Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean(pg/ml)	138	599	1472	131	650	1349
Standard deviation	7.31	28.15	88.32	7.33	42.9	102.52
CV(%)	5.3%	4.7%	6%	5.6%	6.6%	7.6%

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.



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Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	" (1" 3")	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	138	141	137	131	136	3.63	2.6%
Sample 2	599	522	564	529	553	30.71	5.5%
Sample 3	1472	1333	1447	1397	1412	53.12	3.7%

^{*}number of samples for each test n=16.

Preparation Before The Experiment

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25min) is based on 37°C.
Wash buffer	Prepare 1000ml of 1X PBS or TBS for wash buffer.
Biotinylated Anti-Mouse Ldlr antibody	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Mouse Ldlr Biotinylated antibody $(100x)$ 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100μ l by adding 1μ l of Biotinylated antibody $(100x)$ to 99μ l of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Mouse LdIr Standard	It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10ng of lyophilized Mouse Ldlr standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.

Microplate	Theincludedmicroplateiscoatedwithcaptureantibodiesandready-to-use.ltdoesnotrequireadditional

Dilution of Mouse Ldlr Standard

- 1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 4000pg/ml, #2 2000pg/ml, #3 1000pg/ml, #4 500pg/ml, #5 250pg/ml, #6 125pg/ml, #7 62.5pg/ml, #8 0.0 (Blank).
- 2. To generate standard #1, add 400μ l of the reconstituted standard stock solution of 10ng/ml and 600μ l of sample diluent to tube #1 for a final volume of 1000μ l. Mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add 300 µl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μl of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard #3, add 300 μl of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.



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7. Tube #8 is a blank standard to be used with every experiment.

Sample Preparation and Storage

 $These \, sample \, collection \, instructions \, and \, storage \, conditions \, are \, intended \, as \, a \, general \, guideline \, and \, the \, sample \, stability \, has \, not \, been \, evaluated.$

Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allows erum to clot a troom temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20 °C.
Plasma	Collect plasma using heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for $15\mathrm{min}\mathrm{at}\mathrm{approximately}1,000\mathrm{xg}$. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.
Urine	Collect the first urine of the day, micturate directly into a sterile container. Remove impurities by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

 $It is recommended to prepare 150 \,\mu lof sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.$

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37° C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
- 3. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 min. at 37 °C).
- 5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- 6. Add 100 µl of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Mouse Ldlr antibody to each well.
- 7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
- 8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).



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- c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- 9. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for $40 \,\mu$ minutes at $87 \,\mu$ C).
- 10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
- 11. $Add 90 \mu lof Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)$
- 12. Add 100 μl of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
- 13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

 $Alternatively, plot the {\it mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration}. The {\it measured concentration in the sample can be a concentration in the concentration in the sample can$

interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on Ldlr

The Low-Density Lipoprotein (LDL) Receptor is a mosaic protein of 839 amino acids (after removal of 21-amino acid signal peptide) that mediates the endocytosis of cholesterol-rich LDL. In humans, the LDL receptor protein is encoded by the LDLR gene. It belongs to the Low density lipoprotein receptor gene family. The low density lipoprotein receptor (LDLR) gene family consists of cell surface proteins involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis of specific ligands. Low density lipoprotein (LDL) is normally bound at the cell membrane and taken into the cell ending up in lysosomes where the protein is degraded and the cholesterol is made available for repression of microsomal enzyme 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A (HMGCoA) reductase, the rate-limiting step in cholesterol synthesis. At the same time, a reciprocal stimulation of cholesterol ester synthesis takes place. Mutations in this gene cause the autosomal dominant disorder, familial hypercholesterolemia. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.