

9620 Medical Center Drive, Suite 200, Rockville, MD 20850 Phone: 1.888.267.4436 Fax: 301-340-9254 Email: techsupport@origene.com Web: www.origene.com

Mouse Bmp4 ELISA Kit

Catalog Number: EA102177

Assay Principle

The OriGene Mouse Bmp4 Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid-phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Mouse Bmp4 with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for BMP4. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for BMP4. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from rat and the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Mouse Bmp4 with immunogen: Expression system for standard: CHO; Immunogen sequence: S293-R408. The kit is analytically validated with ready-to-use reagents.

To measure Mouse Bmp4, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is an HRP substrate and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding the acidic stop solution. The absorbance of the yellow product at 450nm is linearly proportional to Mouse Bmp4 in the sample. Read the absorbance of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Mouse Bmp4 in the sample.

Overview

Product Name	Mouse Bmp4/OX40 ELISA Kit
Reactive Species	Human
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.
Description	Human soluble BMP4 ELISA Kit PicoKine™ (96 Tests). Quantitate Mouse Bmp4 in bone tissue, cell culture supernatants and serum and plasma. Sensitivity: 10pg/ml.
Sensitivity	<10pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	31.2 pg/ml-2,000 pg/ml
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles(Shipped with wet ice.)
Uniprot ID	P21275



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Technical Details

Capture/Detection Antibodies	The capture antibody is amonoclonal antibody from rat and the detection antibody is biotinylated polyclonal antibody from goat.
Specificity	Natural and recombinant Mouse Bmp4
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: CHO; Immunogen sequence: S293 - R408
Cross Reactivity	This kit is for the detection of Mouse Bmp4. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between BMP4 and its analogs was observed. This claim is limited by existing techniques therefore cross-reactivity may exist with untested analogs.

Preparation before Assay

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- 1. Read this manual in its entirety in order to minimize the chance of error.
- 2. Confirm that you have the appropriate non-supplied equipment available.
- 3. Confirm that the species, target antigen, and sensitivity of this kit are appropriate for your intended application.
- 4. Confirm that your samples have been prepared appropriately based upon recommendations (see Sample Preparation) and that you have sufficient sample volume for use in the assay.
- 5. When first using a kit, appropriate validation steps should be taken before using valuable samples. Confirm that the kit adequately detects the target antigen in your intended sample type(s) by running control samples.
- 6. If the concentration of target antigen within your samples is unknown, a preliminary experiment should be run using a control sample to determine the optimal sample dilution (see Sample Preparation).
- 7. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, a pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 8. Before using the kit, spin tubes to bring down all components to the bottom of the tubes.
- 9. Don't let the 96-well plate dry out since this will inactivate active components on the plate.
- 10. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross-contamination.
- 11. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.
- 12. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label. Any variation in diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding. Variations in sample collection, processing, and storage may cause sample value differences.



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Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume		
Anti-Mouse Bmp4 Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells	Storage of opened/reconstituted material	
Mouse Bmp4 Standard	2	10ng/tube	Return unused wells to the foil pouch. Reseal along the entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 4°C provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.	
Mouse Bmp4 Biotinylated antibody (100x)	1	100 μΙ	Discard the BMP4 stock solution after 12 hours at 4°C. May be stored at -20°C for 48 hours.	
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	1	100 μΙ	May be stored for up to 1 month at 4°C provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.	
Sample Diluent	1	30ml		
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml		
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml		
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml		
Stop Solution	1	10ml		
Wash Buffer (25x)	1	20ml		
Plate Sealers	4	Piece		

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

1000ml of 1X wash buffer (TBS or PBS)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500ml graduated cylinders.

Test tubes for dilution.

Human soluble BMP4 ELISAKit (EA102177) Standard Curve Example

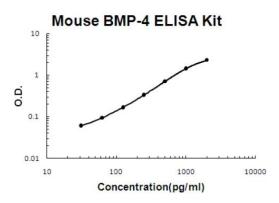
Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration	1 0	31.2	62.5	125	250	500	1000	2000
(ng/ml)								
O.D.	0.070	0.104	0.147	0.223	0.394	0.724	1.237	1.900



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Mouse Bmp4 ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

OriGene spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Intra-Assay Precision				Inter-Assay Precision			
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3	
n	16	16	16	24	24	24	
Mean(pg/ml)	53	250	<i>897</i>	54	268	915	
Standard deviation (%)	2.65	17.5	52.92	3.07	19.83	53.98	
CV(%)	5 %	7 %	5.9 %	5.7 %	7.4 %	5.9 %	

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

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Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	Mean (pg/ml)	Standard	CV (%)
						Deviation	
Sample 1	53	54	54	58	54	1.92	3.5 %
Sample 2	250	270	229	249	249	14.5	5.8%
Sample 3	897	924	940	993	938	35.01	3.7 %

^{*}number of samples for each test n=16.



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Preparation Before The Experiment

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) prior to use. Please DO NOT equilibrate unused plate well strips to room temperature. They should be sealed and stored in the original packaging. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also, the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25 min) is based on incubation at 37°C.
Wash buffer	Prepare 500 ml of Working Wash Buffer by diluting the supplied 20 ml of Wash Buffer (25 x) with 480 ml of deionized or distilled water. If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix it gently until crystals have completely dissolved.
Biotinylated Anti-Mouse Bmp4 antibody	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Mouse Bmp4 Biotinylated antibody $(100x)$ 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare $100 \mu l$ by adding $1 \mu l$ of Biotinylated antibody $(100x)$ to $99 \mu l$ of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Mouse Bmp4 Standard	It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10ng of lyophilized Mouse Bmp4 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.
Microplate	The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

Dilution of Mouse Bmp4 Standard

- 1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1-2,000.00 pg/ml, # 2-1000.00 pg/ml, # 3-500.00 pg/ml, # 4-250.00 pg/ml, # 5-125 pg/ml, # 6-62.50 pg/ml, # 7-31.25 pg/ml, # 8-500.00 pg/ml, # 9-500.00 p
- 2. To generate standard #1, add 200 μ l of the reconstituted standard stock solution of 10 ng/ml and 800 μ l of sample diluent to tube #1 for a final volume of 1000 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add 300 µl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard # 2, add 300 μl of standard # 1 from tube # 1 to tube # 2 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard # 3, add 300 µl of standard # 2 from tube # 2 to tube # 3 for a final volume of 600 µl. Mix thoroughly.
- 6. Continue the serial dilution for tube # 4-7.



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Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20 °C.
Bone tissue	Extract demineralized bone samples in 4M Guanidine-HCl and protease inhibitors. Dissolve the final samples in 2M Guanidine-HCl.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

The user needs to estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and use an appropriate dilution factor so that the diluted target protein concentration falls in the range of O.D. values of the standard curve. Dilute the sample using provided diluent buffer. Pilot tests using a dilution series of each sample type are necessary. The sample must be mixed thoroughly with Sample Diluent

It is recommended to prepare $150 \,\mu$ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Sample collection notes

- 1. OriGene recommends that samples are used immediately upon preparation.
- Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles for all samples.
- 3. In the event that a sample type not listed above is intended to be used with the kit, it is recommended that the customer conduct validation experiments in order to be confident in the results.
- 4. Due to chemical interference, the use of tissue or cell extraction samples prepared by chemical lysis buffers may result in inaccurate results.
- 5. Due to factors including cell viability, cell number, or sampling time, samples from cell culture supernatant may not be detected by the kit.
- 6. Samples should be brought to room temperature (18-25°C) before performing the assay without the use of extra heating.
- 7. Sample concentrations should be predicted before being used in the assay. If the sample concentration is not within the range of the standard curve, users must determine the optimal sample dilutions for their particular experiments.
- 8. OriGene is responsible for the quality and performance of the kit components but is NOT responsible for the performance of customer supplied samples used with the kit.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37° C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.



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- 3. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 min. at 37 °C).
- 5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- 6. Add 100 µl of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Mouse Bmp4 antibody to each well.
- 7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
- 8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- 9. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 40 minutes at RT (or 30 minutes at 37°C).
- 10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
- 11. $Add 90 \mu lof Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)$
- 12. Add 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
- 13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Assay protocol notes

- 1. Solutions: To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
- 2. Applying Solutions: All solutions should be added to the bottom of the ELISA plate well. Avoid touching the inside wall of the well. Avoid foaming when possible.
- 3. Assay Timing: The interval between adding samples to the first and last wells should be minimized. Delays will increase the incubation time differential between wells, which will significantly affect the experimental accuracy and repeatability. For each step in the procedure, total dispensing time for addition of reagents or samples should not exceed 10 minutes.
- 4. Incubation: To prevent evaporation and ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary. Do not allow wells to sit uncovered for extended periods of time between incubation steps. Do not let wells dry out at any time during the assay. Strictly observe the recommended incubation times and temperatures.
- 5. Washing: Proper washing procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance readings. Residual liquid in the reaction wells should be patted dry against absorbent paper during the washing process. Do not put absorbent paper directly into the reaction wells.
- 6. Controlling Substrate Reaction Time: After the addition of the TMB Substrate, periodically monitor the color development. Stop color development before the color becomes too deep by adding Stop Solution. The excessively strong color will result in inaccurate absorbance readings.
- 7. Reading: The microplate reader should be preheated and programmed prior to use. Prior to taking O.D. readings, remove any residual liquid or fingerprints from the underside of the plate and confirm that there are no bubbles in the wells.
- 8. Reaction Time Control: Control reaction time should be strictly followed as outlined.
- 9. Stop Solution: The Stop Solution contains an acid, therefore proper precautions should be taken during its use, such as protection of the eyes, hands, face, and clothing.
- 10. To minimize the external influence on the assay performance, operational procedures and lab conditions (such as room temperature, humidity, incubator temperature) should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested that the whole assay is performed by the same operator from the beginning to the end.



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Data Analysis

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logisticcurve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative O.D. against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on BMP4

Bone morphogenetic protein 4 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the BMP4 gene which is located to 14q22-q23. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the bone morphogenetic protein family which is part of the transforming growth factor-beta superfamily. BMP4 is a polypeptide belonging to the TGF- β superfamily of proteins. It, like other bone morphogenetic proteins, is involved in bone and cartilage development, specifically tooth and limb development and fracture repair. It has been shown to be involved in muscle development, bone mineralization, and uteric bud development. BMP4 has also been implicated in Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva in which it is underexpressed. In human embryonic development, BMP4 is a critical signaling molecule required for the early differentiation of the embryo and establishing of a dorsal-ventral axis. BMP4 is secreted from the dorsal portion of the notochord, and it acts in concert with sonic hedgehog (released from the ventral portion of the notochord) to establish a dorsal-ventral axis for the differentiation of later structures. Also, BMP4 stimulates differentiation of overlying ectodermal tissue. Inhibition of the BMP4 signal (by chordin, noggin, or follistatin) causes the ectoderm to differentiate into the neural plate.