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Product Information

Mycoplasma pneumoniae IgM ELISA Kit

Catalog Number: EA101078 Storage Temperature: 2 – 8°C

Instruction for Use

THIS KIT IS INTENDED FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

1 INTRODUCTION

Intended Use

The **ORIGENE** *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* **IgM Enzyme Immunoassay Kit** provides materials for measurement of IgM-class antibodies to *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* in serum.

2 PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The **ORIGENE** *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* **IgM ELISA** Kit is a solid phase enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). Specimen samples are diluted with Sample Diluent and additionally incubated with IgG-RF-Sorbent, containing hyper-immune anti-human IgG-class antibody to eliminate competitive inhibition from specific IgG and to remove rheumatoid factors. This pretreatment avoids false results. Microtiter wells as a solid phase are coated with Mycoplasma pneumoniae antigen. **Pretreated sample** specimens and **ready-for-use controls** are pipetted into these wells. During incubation Mycoplasma pneumoniae-specific antibodies of high specimens and controls are bound to the immobilized antigens. After a washing step to remove unbound sample and control material horseradish peroxidase conjugated anti-human IgM antibodies are dispensed into the wells. During a second incubation this anti-IgM conjugate binds specifically to IgM antibodies resulting in the formation of enzyme-linked immune complexes. After a second washing step to remove unbound conjugate the immune complexes formed (in case of high results) are detected by incubation with TMB substrate and development of a blue color. The blue color turns into yellow by stopping the enzymatic indicator reaction with sulfuric acid. The intensity of this color is directly proportional to the amount of Mycoplasma pneumoniae-specific IgM antibody in the sample specimen. Absorbance at 450 nm is read using an ELISA microtiter plate reader.



3 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For professional use only.
- Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. <u>Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit.</u> Be sure that everything is understood.
- All reagents of this test kit which contain human serum or plasma have been tested and confirmed negative for HIV
 I/II, HBsAg and HCV by FDA approved procedures. All reagents, however, should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.
- Avoid contact with Stop Solution containing 0.2 mol/L H₂SO₄. It may cause skin irritation and burns.
- TMB substrate has an irritant effect on skin and mucosa. In case of possible contact, wash eyes with an abundant volume of water and skin with soap and abundant water. Wash contaminated objects before reusing them. If inhaled, take the person to open air.
- The microplate contains snap-off strips. Unused wells must be stored at 2 °C to 8 °C in the sealed foil pouch and used in the frame provided
- Pipetting of samples and reagents must be done as quickly as possible and in the same sequence for each step.
- Use reservoirs only for single reagents. This especially applies to the substrate reservoirs. Using a reservoir for dispensing a substrate solution that had previously been used for the conjugate solution may turn solution colored.
 Do not pour reagents back into vials as reagent contamination may occur.
- Mix the contents of the microplate wells thoroughly to ensure good test results. Do not reuse microwells.
- Do not let wells dry during assay; add reagents immediately after completing the rinsing steps.
- Allow the reagents to reach room temperature (21 °C 26 °C) before starting the test. Temperature will affect the absorbance readings of the assay. However, values for the specimen samples will not be affected.
- Never pipette by mouth and avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.
- Do not smoke, eat, drink or apply cosmetics in areas where specimens or kit reagents are handled.
- Wear disposable latex gloves when handling specimens and reagents. Microbial contamination of reagents or specimens may give false results.
- Handling should be in accordance with the procedures defined by an appropriate national biohazard safety guideline or regulation.
- Do not use reagents beyond expiry date as shown on the kit labels.
- All indicated volumes have to be performed according to the protocol. Optimal test results are only obtained when using calibrated pipettes and microtiter plate readers.
- Do not mix or use components from kits with different lot numbers. It is advised not to exchange wells of different plates even of the same lot. The kits may have been shipped or stored under different conditions and the binding characteristics of the plates may result slightly different.
- Chemicals and prepared or used reagents have to be treated as hazardous waste according the national biohazard safety guideline or regulation.



4 KIT COMPONENTS

Contents of the Kit

- Microtiterwells, 12 x 8 (break apart) strips, 96 wells; Wells coated with Mycoplasma pneumoniaeantigen. (incl. 1 strip holder and 1 cover foil)
- 2. **Sample Diluent** *, 1 vial, 100 mL, ready to use, colored yellow; pH 7.2 ± 0.2.
- IgG-RF-Sorbent *, 1 vial, 6.5 mL, ready to use, colored yellow;
 Contains anti-human IgG-class antibody.
- 4. *High Control* *, 1 vial, 1.0 mL, ready to use; colored yellow, red cap.
- 5. **Neg. Control** *, 1 vial, 2.0 mL, ready to use; colored yellow, yellow cap.
- 6. **Cut-off Control** *, 1 vial, 2.0 mL, ready to use; colored yellow, black cap.
- Enzyme Conjugate *, 1 vial, 20 mL, ready to use, colored red, antibody to human IgM conjugated to horseradish peroxidase.
- 8. **Substrate Solution**, 1 vial, 14 mL, ready to use, Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB).
- Stop Solution, 1 vial, 14 mL, ready to use, contains 0.2 mol/L H₂SO₄,
 Avoid contact with the stop solution. It may cause skin irritations and burns.
- 10. Wash Solution *, 1 vial, 30 mL (20X concentrated for 600 mL), pH 6.5 ± 0.1 see "Preparation of Reagents".
- * contain non-mercury preservative

Material required but not provided

- A microtiter plate calibrated reader (450/620nm ±10 nm)
- Calibrated variable precision micropipettes
- Incubator 37 °C
- Manual or automatic equipment for rinsing wells
- Vortex tube mixer
- Deionised or (freshly) distilled water
- Timer
- Absorbent paper

Storage Conditions and stability of the Kit

When stored at 2 °C to 8 °C unopened reagents will retain reactivity until expiration date. Do not use reagents beyond this date.

Opened reagents must be stored at 2 °C to 8 °C. Microtiter wells must be stored at 2 °C to 8 °C. Once the foil bag has been opened, care should be taken to close it tightly again.

Opened kits retain activity for two months if stored as described above.

Reagent Preparation

Allow all reagents and required number of strips to reach room temperature prior to use.

Wash Solution

Dilute Wash Solution 1+19 (e.g. 10 mL + 190 mL) with fresh and germ free redistilled water. This diluted wash solution has a pH value of 7.2 ± 0.2 .



Consumption: ~ 5 mL per determination.

Crystals in the solution disappear by warming up to 37 °C in a water bath. Be sure that the crystals are completely dissolved before use.

The diluted Wash Solution is stable for 4 weeks at 2 °C to 8 °C.

Disposal of the Kit

The disposal of the kit must be made according to the national regulations. Special information for this product is given in the Material Safety Data Sheets.

Damaged Test Kits

In case of any severe damage to the test kit or components, ORIGENE has to be informed in writing, at the latest, one week after receiving the kit. Severely damaged single components should not be used for a test run. They have to be stored until a final solution has been found. After this, they should be disposed according to the official regulations

5 SPECIMEN

Serum can be used in this assay.

Do not use haemolytic, icteric or lipaemic specimens.

Please note: Samples containing sodium azide should not be used in the assay.

Specimen Collection

Serum:

Collect blood by venipuncture (e.g. Sarstedt Monovette # 02.1388.001), allow to clot, and separate serum by centrifugation at room temperature. Do not centrifuge before complete clotting has occurred. Samples with anticoagulant may require increased clotting time.

Specimen Storage

Specimens should be capped and may be stored for up to 3 days at 2 °C to 8 °C prior to assaying. Specimens held for a longer time should be frozen only once at –20 °C prior to assay. Thawed samples should be inverted several times prior to testing.

Specimen Dilution

Prior to assaying each sample specimen is first to be diluted with *Sample Diluent*. For the absorption of rheumatoid factor these prediluted samples then have to be incubated with *IgG-RF-Sorbent*

- 1. Dilute each sample specimen **1+50** with *Sample Diluent*; e.g. 10 μ L of specimen + 0.5 mL of *Sample Diluent*. **Mix well.**
- 2. Dilute this <u>prediluted</u> sample **1+1** with *IgG-RF-Sorben*t e.g. 60 μL prediluted sample + 60 μL *IgG-RF-Sorbent*. **Mix well**
- 3. Let stand for at least 15 minutes at room temperature or over night at 2 °C 8 °C and mix well again.
- 4. Take 100 μ L of these pretreated samples for the ELISA.

Please note: Controls are ready for use and must not be diluted!

6 ASSAY PROCEDURE

General Remarks

- It is very important to bring all reagents, samples and controls to room temperature before starting the test run!
- Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption.
- Use new disposal plastic pipette tips for each standard, control or sample in order to avoid cross contamination
- Absorbance is a function of the incubation time and temperature. Before starting the assay, it is recommended that
 all reagents are ready, caps removed, all needed wells secured in holder, etc. This will ensure equal elapsed time for
 each pipetting step without interruption.
- As a general rule the enzymatic reaction is linearly proportional to time and temperature.
- Close reagent vials tightly immediately after use to avoid evaporation and microbial contamination.



- To avoid cross-contamination and falsely elevated results pipette specimen samples and dispense conjugate without splashing accurately to the bottom of wells.
- During incubation cover microtiter strips with foil to avoid evaporation.

Assay Procedure

Prior to commencing the assay, dilute *Wash Solution*, **prepare specimen samples as described in point 5.3** and establish carefully the **distribution and identification plan** supplied in the kit for all specimens and controls.

1. Select the required number of microtiter strips or wells and insert them into the holder.

Please allocate at least:

1 well	(e.g. A1)	for the substrate blank,	
1 well	(e.g. B1)	for the Low Control,	
2 wells	(e.g. C1+D1)	for the Cut-off Control	and
1 well	(e.g. E1)	for the High Control.	

It is left to the user to determine controls and specimen samples in duplicate.

2. Dispense

100 μL of *Low Control* into well B1

100 μL of Calibrator *Control* into wells C1 and D1 **100 μL** of *High Control* into well E1 and

100 μL of each preatreated sample with new disposable tips into appropriate wells.

Leave well A1 for substrate blank!

- 3. Cover wells with foil supplied in the kit. Incubate for 60 minutes at 37 °C.
- 4. Briskly shake out the contents of the wells.

Rinse the wells 5 times with diluted *Wash Solution* (**300 µL per well**). Strike the wells sharply on absorbent paper to remove residual droplets.

Important note:

The sensitivity and precision of this assay is markedly influenced by the correct performance of the washing procedure!

- 5. Dispense **100 μL** Enzyme Conjugate into each well, **except A1**.
- 6. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature (20 °C to 25 °C).

Do not expose to direct sun light!

7. Briskly shake out the contents of the wells.

Rinse the wells 5 times with diluted *Wash Solution* (300 μ L per well). Strike the wells sharply on absorbent paper to remove residual droplets.

- 8. Add **100 μL** of *Substrate Solution* into all wells.
- 9. Incubate for exactly 15 minutes at room temperature (20 °C to 25 °C) in the dark.
- 10. Stop the enzymatic reaction by adding **100 μL** of *Stop Solution* to each well.

Any blue color developed during the incubation turns into yellow.

Note: Very high specimen samples can cause dark precipitates of the chromogen!

11. Read the optical density at **450/620 nm** with a microtiter plate reader **within 30 minutes** after adding the *Stop Solution*.

Measurement

Adjust the ELISA microplate or microstrip reader to zero using the substrate blank in well A1.

If - due to technical reasons - the ELISA reader cannot be adjusted to zero using the substrate blank in well A1, subtract the absorbance value of well A1 from all other absorbance values measured in order to obtain reliable results!



Measure the absorbance of all wells **at 450 nm** and record the absorbance values for each control and specimen sample in the distribution and identification plan.

Dual wavelength reading using 620 nm as reference wavelength is recommended.

Where applicable calculate the mean absorbance values of all duplicates.

7 RESULTS

Calculation

Mean absorbance value of Calibrator Control [Calb]

Calculate the mean absorbance value of the two (2) Calibrator Control determinations (e.g. in C1/D1).

Example: (0.49 + 0.51) : 2 = 0.50 = Calb

Results in ORIGENE Units [OU]

Sample (mean) absorbance value $\times 10$ = [ORIGENE Units = OU]

Calb

Example: $1.580 \times 10 = 32 \text{ OU}$

0.50

8 QUALITY CONTROL

It is recommended to use control samples according to state and federal regulations. The use of control samples is advised to assure the day to day validity of results. Use controls at both normal and pathological levels.

It is also recommended to make use of national or international Quality Assessment programs in order to ensure the accuracy of the results.

In this case, please check the following technical areas: Pipetting and timing devices; photometer, expiration dates of reagents, storage and incubation conditions, aspiration and washing methods.

After checking the above mentioned items without finding any error contact your distributor or ORIGENE directly.

9 LEGAL ASPECTS

Reliability of Results

The test must be performed exactly as per the manufacturer's instructions for use. Moreover the user must strictly adhere to the rules of GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) or other applicable national standards and/or laws. This is especially relevant for the use of control reagents. It is important to always include, within the test procedure, a sufficient number of controls for validating the accuracy and precision of the test.

Liability

Any modification of the test kit and/or exchange or mixture of any components of different lots from one test kit to another could negatively affect the intended results and validity of the overall test. Such modification and/or exchanges invalidate any claim for replacement.

Claims submitted due to customer misinterpretation of laboratory results are invalid. Regardless, in the event of any claim, the manufacturer's liability is not to exceed the value of the test kit. Any damage caused to the test kit during transportation is not subject to the liability of the manufacturer.

10 REFERENCES

- 1. Mathai, E., et al.: *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* antibodies in Children with Acute Respiratory Infection. Indian Pediatrics 2001; 38: 157-160
- 2. Arora, N., et al.: Microbial Pattern of Acute Infective Exacerbation of Chronic Airway Disease in a Hospital Based Study. Indian J Chest Dis Allied Sci 2001; 43: -162



11 SHORT INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

SHOKI INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE	
18 45°C	All reagents and specimens must be allowed to come to room temperature (18-25°C) before use.
H	Leave well A1 for substrate Blank.
HAULU	Dispense 100 μl of Controls into appropriate wells.
HMINTH H	Dispense 100 µl of pretreated sample into selected wells. (Please note special sample treatment, point 5.3!)
60 min	Cover wells with foil. Incubate for 60 minutes at 37 °C.
לוטטוטט אחחחח ארטטטטט איז	Briskly shake out the contents of the wells. Rinse the wells 5 times with diluted Wash Solution (300 µL per well). Strike the wells sharply on absorbent paper to remove residual droplets
	Dispense 100 μl of Enzyme-Conjugate into each well.
30 min	Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
רוטוטוט איייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	Briskly shake out the contents of the wells. Rinse the wells 5 times with diluted Wash Solution (300 µL per well). Strike the wells sharply on absorbent paper to remove residual droplets
	Add 100 μl of Substrate Solution to each well.
15 min	Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature.
	Stop the reaction by adding 100 μl of Stop Solution to each well.
	Determine the absorbance of each well at 450 nm.