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Product Information

Mouse/Rat Thyroxine (T4) ELISA kit

Catalog Number: EA100835 Storage Temperature: 2 – 8°C

Instruction for Use

Intended Use

The Mouse/Rat Thyroxine (T4) ELISA Kit is intended for the detection of total T4 in mouse/rat serum. For research use only.

Background

T4 is a useful marker for the diagnosis of hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism. The level of T4 is decreased in hypothyroid patients and is increased in hyperthyroid patients. The level of T4 is normal in euthyroid individuals.

Principle of the test

The T4 is a solid-phase competitive ELISA. The samples, working T4-HRP Conjugate and Anti- T4-Biotin Solution are added to the wells coated with Streptavidin. T4 in the patient's serum competes with a T4 enzyme (HRP) conjugate for binding sites. Unbound T4 and T4 enzyme conjugate is washed off by washing buffer. Upon the addition of the substrate, the intensity of color is inversely proportional to the concentration of T4 in the samples. A standard curve is prepared relating color intensity to the concentration of the T4.

Components

	96 Tests	
1.	Microwells coated with T4 monoclonal Antibody	12x8x1
2.	T4 Standard: 7 vials (ready to use)	0.25ml
3.	T4 Enzyme (HRP) Conjugate concentrate: 1 vial	1.5 ml
4.	Assay Diluent (ready to use)	12 ml
5.	TMB Substrate: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12 ml
6.	Stop Solution: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12 ml
7.	20X Wash concentrate: 1 bottle	25 ml

Materials and Equipment Required but Not Provided

- 1. Distilled or deionized water
- 2. Precision pipettes
- 3. Disposable pipette tips
- 4. ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm
- 5. Absorbance paper or paper towel



Disclaimer

This product is for research use only and not intended for diagnostic procedures.

Specimen Collection Handling

- 1. Collect blood specimens and separate the serum immediately.
- 2. Specimens may be stored refrigerated at (2-8°C) for 5 days. If storage time exceeds 5 days, store frozen at (-20°C) for up to one month.
- 3. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
- 4. Prior to assay, frozen sera should be completely thawed and mixed well.
- 5. Do not use grossly lipemic specimens.

Reagent Preparation

1. T4-enzyme Conjugate Solution

Dilute the T4-enzyme conjugate 1:11 with assay diluent in a suitable container. For example, dilute 160 µl of enzyme conjugate with 1.16 ml of assay diluent for 16 wells (A slight excess of solution is made). This reagent should be used within twenty-four hours for maximum performance of the assay. Store at 2-8°C.

General Formula:

Amount of Buffer required = Number of wells * 0.1 Quantity of Enzyme conjugate solution necessary = # of wells * 0.01 i.e. = 16 x 0.1 = 1.6 ml for Total Conjugate Buffer 16 x 0.01 = 0.16 ml (160 µl) for enzyme conjugate solution.

2. Wash Buffer

Prepare 1X Wash buffer by adding the contents of the bottle (25 ml, 20X) to 475 ml of distilled or deionized water. Store at room temperature (20-25°C).

Assay Procedure

- Before proceeding with the assay, bring all reagents, serum references and controls to room temperature (20-25°C).
- The components in this kit are intended for use as an integral unit. The components of different lots should not be mixed.
- It is recommended that standards, control and serum samples be run in duplicate.
- Do not use sodium azide as preservative. Sodium azide inhibits HRP enzyme activities.
- 1. Format the microplates' wells for each serum reference, control and patient specimen to be assayed in duplicate. Replace any unused microwell strips back into the aluminum bag, seal and store at 2-8°C.
- 2. Pipette 10 µl of the standards, control or specimen into the assigned well.
- 3. Add 100 µl of T4-enzyme conjugate solution to all wells (see Reagent Preparation Section).
- 4. Incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature with shaking.
- 5. Remove liquid from all wells. Wash wells three times with 300 μl of 1X wash buffer (see Reagent Preparation Section). Blot on absorbent paper towels.
- 6. Add 100 µl of TMB substrate solution to all wells
- 7. Incubate, at room temperature, for 15 minutes.
- 8. Add 50 µl of stop solution to all wells and gently mix for 15-20 seconds.
- 9. Read the absorbance on ELISA Reader for each well at 450 nm within 15 minutes after adding the stop solution.



Calculation of Results

The standard curve is constructed as follows:

- 1. Check T4 standard value on each standard vial. This value might vary from lot to lot. Make sure you check the value on every kit. See example of the standard attached.
- 2. To construct the standard curve, plot the absorbance for T4 standards (vertical axis) versus T4 standard concentrations (horizontal axis) on a linear graph paper. Draw the best curve through the points.
- 3. Read the absorbance for controls and each unknown sample from the curve. Record the value for each control or unknown sample.

Example of a Standard Curve

	OD 450 nm	Conc. µg/dL
Std 1	2.615	0
Std 2	1.982	1
Std 3	1.627	2
Std 4	1.075	5
Std 5	0.646	10
Std 6	0.471	15
Std 7	0.325	25

References

- Agharanya JC. Clinical usefulness of ELISA technique in the assessment of thyroid function. West Afr J Med 1990;9(4):258-63.
- 2. Frank JE; Faix JE; Hermos RJ; Mullaney DM; Rojan DA; Mitchell ML; Klein RZ Thyroid function in very low birth weight infants: effects on neonatal hypothyroidism screening. J Pediatr 1996;128(4):548-54.
- 3. Shimada T; Higashi K; Umeda T; Sato T. Thyroid functions in patients with various chronic liver diseases. Endocrinol Jpn 1988;35(3):357-69.
- 4. Thakur C; Saikia TC; Yadav RN. Total serum levels of triiodothyronine (T3) thyroxine (T4) and thyrotropine (TSH) in school going children of Dibrugarh district: an endemic goitre region of Assam. Indian J Physiol Pharmacol 1997;41(2):167-70.

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