

9620 Medical Center Drive, Suite 200, Rockville, MD 20850 Phone: 1.888.267.4436 Fax: 301-340-9254 Email: techsupport@origene.com Web: www.origene.com

Rat TNF Alpha Kit

Catalog Number: EA100366

Assay Principle

The OriGene Rat Tnf Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Rat Tnf with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for TNF. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for TNF. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Rat Tnf with immunogen: Expression system for standard: E.coli; Immunogen sequence: L80-L235. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Rat Tnf, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Rat Tnf in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Rat Tnf in the sample.

Overview

Product Name	Rat TNF Alpha ELISA
Reactive Species	Rat
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.
Description	Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Human TGFB3. 96wells/kit, with removable strips. Sensitivity: 1 pg/ml
Sensitivity	<1 pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	15.6 pg/ml – 1000 pg/ml
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles (Shipped with wet ice.)
Uniprot ID	P16599



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Technical Details

Capture/Detection Antibodies	The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat.
Specificity	Natural and recombinant Rat Tnf
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: E.coli; Immunogen Sequence: L80-L235
Cross Reactivity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- 1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- 3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- 4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume	Storage of opened/reconstituted material
Anti-Rat Tnf Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells	Return unused wells to the foil pouch. Reseal along the entire edge of the zip- seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 4°C provided this is within the expiration date of the kit
Rat Tnf Standard	2	10 ng/tube	Discard the stock solution after 12 hours at 4°C. May be stored at -20°C for 48 hours.
Rat Tnf Biotinylated antibody (100x)	1	100 μΙ	May be stored for up to 1 month at 4°C provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	1	100 μΙ	
Sample Diluent	1	30ml	
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml	
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml	
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml	
Stop Solution	1	10ml	
Wash Buffer (25x)	1	20 ml	
Plate Sealers	4	Piece	



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Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500ml graduated cylinders.

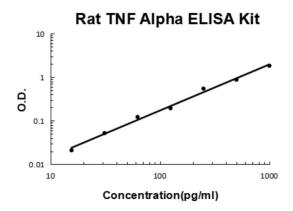
Test tubes for dilution.

Rat TNF Alpha ELISA Kit (EA100366) Standard Curve Example

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration	0	15.6	31.2	62.5	125	250	500	1000
(pg/ml) O.D.	0.010	0.031	0.062	0.132	0.203	0.555	0.884	1.838

Rat TNF Alpha ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

OriGene spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.



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	1	ntra-Assay Precision		Inter-Ass	ay Precision	
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean(pg/ml)	14	96	280	13	98	306
Standard deviation	n 0.57	7.39	20.44	0.78	7.54	24.78
CV(%)	4.1 %	7.7 %	7.3 %	6 %	7.7 %	8.1 %

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	(, 5,)	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	14	14	14	14	14	0	0 %
Sample 2	96	93	92	101	95	3.5	3.6 %
Sample 3	280	258	274	306	279	17.28	6.1 %

^{*}number of samples for each test n=16.

Preparation Before The Experiment

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25min) is based on 37°C.
Wash buffer	Prepare 500 ml of Working Wash Buffer by diluting the supplied 20 ml of Wash Buffer (25x) with 480 ml of deionized or distilled water. If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix it gently until crystals have completely dissolved.
Biotinylated Anti-Rat Tnf antibody	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Rat Tnf Biotinylated antibody (100x) 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100 µl by adding 1 µl of Biotinylated antibody (100x) to 99 µl of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Rat Tnf Standard	It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the



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	experiment. Use one 10 ng of lyophilized Rat $$ Tnf $$ standard for each experiment. Gently $$ spin the $$ vial $$ prior to use. Reconstitute the $$ standard to $$ a $$ stock $$ concentration of $$ 10 $$ ng/ml $$ using $$ 1ml of $$ sample $$ diluent. Allow the $$ standard to $$ sit for a $$ minimum of $$ 10 $$ minutes $$ with $$ gentle $$ agitation $$ prior to $$ making $$ dilutions.
· ·	The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

Dilution of Rat Tnf Standard

- $1.\ Number tubes\ 1-8.\ Final\ Concentrations\ to\ be\ Tube\ \#\ 1\ -1000\ pg/ml,\ \#\ 2\ -500\ pg/ml,\ \#\ 3\ -250\ pg/ml,\ \#\ 4\ -\ 125\ pg/ml,\ \#\ 5\ -\ 62.5\ pg/ml,\ \#\ 62.5\ pg/ml,\ pg/ml,\ \#\ 62.5\ pg/ml,\ pg/ml$
- 31.25 pg/ml, #7 15.625 pg/ml, #8 0.0 (Blank Sample diluent serves as the zero standard).
- 2. To generate standard #1, add 100 μ l of the reconstituted standard stock solution of 10 ng/ml and 900 μ l of sample diluent to tube #1 for a final volume of 1000 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add 300 μl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μl of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard #3, add 300 μl of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 μl. Mix thoroughly.
- 6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.
- 7. Tube #8 is a blank standard to be used with every experiment.

Sample Preparation and Storage

 $These \, sample \, collection \, instructions \, and \, storage \, conditions \, are \, intended \, as \, a \, general \, guideline \, and \, the \, sample \, stability \, has \, not \, been \, evaluated.$

Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20 °C.
Plasma	Collect plasma using heparin or EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifugefor 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.
Cell Lysates	Lyse the cells, make sure there are no visible cell sediments. Centrifuge cell lysate at approximately 1,000 x g for 5 min. Collect the supernatant, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 μ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.



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Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37° C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
- 3. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add $100 \,\mu$ l of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 min. at 37 °C).
- 5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- 6. Add 100 μl of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Rat Tnf antibody to each well.
- 7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
- 8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- 9. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 40 minutes at 87°C).
- 10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
- 11. $Add 90 \mu l$ of Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
- 12. Add 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
- 13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.



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Background on TNF

Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha, or TNF) is secreted by macrophages in response to inflammation, infection and cancer. Human Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF) and Lymphotoxin (TNF-beta) are cytotoxic proteins which have similar biological activities and share 30% amino acid homology. TNF-alpha is produced by monocytes, which can stimulate endothelial cells to produce the multilineage growth factor granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and extend the role of this immunoregulatory protein to the regulation of hematopoiesis in vitro. TNF is a soluble protein that causes damage to tumor cells but has no effect on normal cells. Human TNF has been purified to apparent homogeneity as a 17.3-kilodalton protein from HL-60 leukemia cells and has showed cytotoxic and cytostatic activities against various human tumor cell lines. The human TNF cDNA is 1585 base pairs in length and encodes a protein of 233 amino acids. The mature protein begins at residue 77, leaving a long leader sequence of 76 amino acids. TNF-alpha has been mapped to human chromosome 6.2

The standard product used in this kit is recombinant rat TNF alpha, consisting of 157 amino acids with the molecular mass of 17 kDa.

Reference

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- 2. Nedwin, G. E.; Naylor, S. L.; Sakaguchi, A. Y.; Smith, D.; Jarrett-Nedwin, J.; Pennica, D.; Goeddel, D. V.; Gray, P. W. Human lymphotoxin and tumor necrosis factor genes: structure, homology and chromosomal localization. Nucleic Acids Res. 13: 6361-6373, 1985.
- 3. Broudy, V. C.; Kaushansky, K.; Segal, G. M.; Harlan, J. M.; Adamson, J. W. Tumor necrosis factor type alpha stimulates human endothelial cells to produce granulocyte/macrophage colony-stimulating factor. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 83: 7467-7471, 1986.
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