

Product datasheet for DM3593P

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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RAGE / AGER (Extracell. Dom.) Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 2B65]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 2B65

Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western Blot: 1/500-1/1000.

Immunohistochemistry on Frozen Sections: 1/50-1/100.

Reactivity: Mouse

Host: Rat

Isotype: lgG2

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Mouse Recombinant RAGE extracellular domain.

Specificity: This antibody detects Mouse RAGE in Western Blotting.

Other species not tested.

Formulation: Sterile PBS

State: Purified

State: Lyophilized (0.2 µm filtered) purified Ig fraction

Preservative: None

Reconstitution Method: Restore with 200 µl sterile PBS and the final concentration is 500 µg/ml.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml (after reconstitution)

Purification: Protein G Affinity Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term.

After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month

or (in aliquots) at -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor

Database Link: Entrez Gene 11596 Mouse

Q62151





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Background:

The Receptor for Advanced Glycation Endproducts (RAGE) is a member of the Immunoglobin superfamily of cell surface markers. This protein is able to interact with many molecules including: advanced glycation endproducts (AGE), amphoterin, and ligands. Research has shown that the accumulation of RAGE ligands in the biological system (endothelium mononuclear phagocytes, neurons and smooth muscle cells) can lead to destructive tissue diseases such as diabetic retinopathy, amyloidoses, tumors and inflammation disorders. RAGE is expressed by endothelium mononuclear phagocytes, smooth muscle and neurons.

Synonyms:

Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor, Receptor for advanced glycosylation

end products