

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for DDX0482A488-100

TLR8 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 103E11.01]

Product data: Product Type: Primary Antibodies Clone Name: 103E11.01 FC **Applications: Recommend Dilution:** DDX0482P-50 / DDX0482P-100 Purified: ImmunoHistoChemistry frozen sections, Western Blot, FACS intracellular. DDX0482A488-50 / DDX0482A488-100 Alexa-fluor®488: FACS intracellular. **Usage recommendation:** *This monoclonal antibody may be used between 2-20 µg/ml. *Optimal dilution should be determined by each laboratory for each application. *Coupled antibody: to maintain RT before using. **Reactivity:** Human, Mouse Host: Rat lgG2a Isotype: Monoclonal **Clonality:** Human recombinant TLR8. Immunogen: Specificity: Human TLR8. Species cross- reactivity: Mouse. Formulation: **Purified:** 100 µg in 200µl / 50 µg in 100 µl Tris-NaCl pH 8. **<u>Coupled:</u>** 100 µg in 200µl / 50 µg in 100 µl Tris PBS 50% glycerol. Label: Alexa Fluor 488 **Concentration:** 0.5 mg/ml **Purification:** QMA Hyper D ion exchange chromatography **Conjugation:** Alexa Fluor 488 Gene Name: toll like receptor 8 Database Link: Entrez Gene 51311 Human



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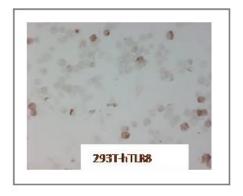
CRIGENE TLR8 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 103E11.01] – DDX0482A488-100

Background:The Toll-Like Receptors (TLRs) represent a family of germline-encoded proteins, composed of
C-terminal leucine-rich repeats (LRRs), and an N-terminal Toll/Interleukin-1 Receptor (TIR)
domain. In humans, 10 TLRs, sharing high sequence homology, have been identified. TLRs are
critical for the detection of pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) by the innate
immune system. LRRs recognize PAMPs, and signal transduction events, initiated by the TIR
domain, lead to activation of transcription factors such as AP-1, IRFs and NFkB, and therefore
expression of proinflammatory cytokines and costimulatory molecules. TLR7, TLR8 and TLR9
form a subgroup in the TLR family, because of a strong sequence homology and the nature of
their ligands, which are nucleic acids or related molecules. TLR7 and TLR8 are triggered by
GU-rich, single-stranded RNA (ssRNA) derived from viruses, or by synthetic small molecules
minicking ssRNA, such as imidazoquinolines. While TLR7 is expressed in lung, placenta and
spleen, TLR8 expression is restricted to lung and peripheral blood leukocytes (PBLs). (*Heil F. et
al, 2003, Eur.J.Immunol, 33, 2987*).

Synonyms:

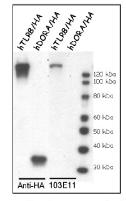
Toll-like receptor 8, UNQ249/PRO286

Product images:



TLR8-transfected HEK-293T cells recognized by clone 103E11.01.

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Western blot on hTLR8-293T transfected cells.

hDORA(35 kDa) and anti-HA are used as control.

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