

## **Product datasheet for CL030R**

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# Itga4 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: R1-2]

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: R1-2 Applications: FC

**Recommended Dilution:** Flow Cytometry (See Protocols).

This clone is also reportded to work in Immunoprecipitation and Immunohistochemistry.

(1,2,3)

**Reactivity:** Mouse

**Host:** Rat

**Isotype:** IgG2b

Clonality: Monoclonal

**Immunogen:** Peyers Patch HEV binding lymphoma line (TK1).

Donor: Fisher Spleen.

Fusion Partner: P3x63Ag8.653.

Specificity: This CD49d Monoclonal Antibody reacts with Alpha-4 integrin (CD49d/ITGA4).

Formulation: PBS containing 0.02% Sodium Azide as preservative and EIA grade BSA as a stabilizing protein

to bring total protein concentration to 4-5 mg/ml

Label: PE

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Protein G Chromatography

Conjugation: PE

**Storage:** Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C.

DO NOT FREEZE!

This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**Gene Name:** integrin alpha 4

Database Link: Entrez Gene 16401 Mouse

Q00651





Background:

CD49d helps to mediate cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions. Alpha-4 integrin combines with b1 and b7 integrin to form VLA-4 and LPAM-1 (Peyers patch homing receptor) respectively. VLA-4 is expressed on most peripheral lymphocytes, thymocytes and monocytes. LPAM-1 is found on peripheral lymphocytes, but few thymocytes. Fibronectin and VCAM-1 act as ligands for both VLA-4 and LPAM-1. LPAM-1 also binds the mucosal vascular addressin MAdCAM-1. (1)

Synonyms:

Integrin alpha-4, Integrin alpha-IV, VLA-4, VLA4

Note:

Protocol: Flow Cytometry Analysis:

#### Method:

- 1. Prepare a cell suspension in media A. For cell preparations, deplete the red blood cell population with Lympholyte®-M cell separation medium.
- 2. Wash 2 times.
- 3. Resuspend the cells to a concentration of 2x10e7 cells/ml in media A. Add 50  $\mu$ l of this suspension to each tube (each tube will then contain 1x106 cells, representing 1 test).
- 4. To each tube, add  $\sim$ 1.0  $\mu$ g\* of CL030R or CL030RX.
- 5. Vortex the tubes to ensure thorough mixing of antibody and cells.
- 6. Incubate the tubes for 30 minutes at 4°C.

(It is recommended that the tubes are protected from light since most fluorochromes are light sensitive).

- 7. Wash 2 times at 4°C.
- 8. Resuspend the cell pellet in 50 µl ice cold media B.
- 9. Transfer to suitable tubes for flow cytometric analysis containing 15  $\mu$ l of propidium iodide at 0.5 mg/ml in PBS. This stains dead cells by intercalating in DNA.

#### Media:

A. Phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.2) + 5% normal serum of host species + sodium azide (100  $\mu$ l of 2M sodium azide in 100 mls).

B. Phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.2) + 0.5% Bovine serum albumin + sodium azide (100  $\mu$ l of 2M sodium azide in 100 mls).

#### **Results:**

Tissue Distribution by Flow Cytometry Analysis:

Mouse Strain: BALB/c

Cell Concentration : 1x10e6 cells per test Antibody Concentration Used: 1.0 µg/106 cells

Isotypic Control: PE Rat IgG2b

Cell Source Percentage of cells stained above control:

TK1 cell line: 100% Thymus: 93.5% Spleen: 92.7%

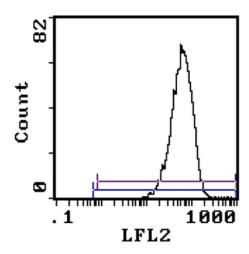


Bone Marrow 88.0%

## **Strain Distibution:**

Cell Concentration: 1x10e6 cells per test
Antibody Concentration Used: 1.0 µg/10e6 cells
Strains Tested: BALB/c, C57BL/6, C3H/He, CBA/J, AKR
Positive: BALB/c, C57BL/6, C3H/He, CBA/J, AKR
Negative: None.

# **Product images:**



Cell Source: TK1 cell line. Percentage of cells stained above control: 100%