

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for CF813228

Calreticulin (CALR) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI13E4]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI13E4
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:500
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Full length human recombinant protein of human CALR (NP_004334) produced in HEK293T cell.
Formulation:	Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose)
Reconstitution Method:	For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific)
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	48.14 kDa
Gene Name:	calreticulin
Database Link:	<u>NP_004334</u> Entrez Gene 12317 MouseEntrez Gene 64202 RatEntrez Gene 811 Human P27797



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Calreticulin (CALR) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI13E4] – CF813228 Calreticulin (CALR)

Background: Calreticulin is a multifunctional protein that acts as a major Ca(2+)-binding (storage) protein in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum. It is also found in the nucleus, suggesting that it may have a role in transcription regulation. Calreticulin binds to the synthetic peptide KLGFFKR, which is almost identical to an amino acid sequence in the DNA-binding domain of the superfamily of nuclear receptors. Calreticulin binds to antibodies in certain sera of systemic lupus and Sjogren patients which contain anti-Ro/SSA antibodies, it is highly conserved among species, and it is located in the endoplasmic and sarcoplasmic reticulum where it may bind calcium. The amino terminus of calreticulin interacts with the DNA-binding domain of the glucocorticoid receptor and prevents the receptor from binding to its specific glucocorticoid response element. Calreticulin can inhibit the binding of androgen receptor to its hormone-responsive DNA element and can inhibit androgen receptor and retinoic acid receptor transcriptional activities in vivo, as well as retinoic acid-induced neuronal differentiation. Thus, calreticulin can act as an important modulator of the regulation of gene transcription by nuclear hormone receptors. Systemic lupus erythematosus is associated with increased autoantibody titers against calreticulin but calreticulin is not a Ro/SS-A antigen. Earlier papers referred to calreticulin as an Ro/SS-A antigen but this was later disproven. Increased autoantibody titer against human calreticulin is found in infants with complete congenital heart block of both the IgG and IgM classes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Synonyms:	cC1qR; CRT; HEL-S-99n; RO; SSA
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transcription Factors
Protein Pathways:	Antigen processing and presentation

Product images:



HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY CALR ([RC203222], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-CALR (1:500).

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anti-CALR

TA813228

anti-HSP90AB1

TA500494

Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 5 different cell lines by using anti-CALR monoclonal antibody (1:500).

Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (10 ug per lane) of wild-type HeLa cells (WT, Cat# LC810HELA) and CALR-Knockout HeLa cells (KO, Cat# [LC831130]) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-CALR monoclonal antibody [TA813228] (1:500). Then the blotted membrane was stripped and reprobed with anti-HSP90 antibody as a loading control.

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