

Product datasheet for CF813116

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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AMPK beta 1 (PRKAB1) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI3D10]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: OTI3D10

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 2-270 of human

PRKAB1 (NP_006244) produced in E.coli.

Formulation: Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose)

Reconstitution Method: For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody

concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific)

Purification: Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

(protein A/G)

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 30.2 kDa

Gene Name: protein kinase AMP-activated non-catalytic subunit beta 1

Database Link: NP 006244

Entrez Gene 19079 MouseEntrez Gene 83803 RatEntrez Gene 5564 Human

Q9Y478





Background:

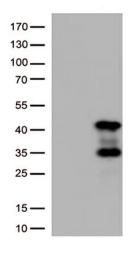
Non-catalytic subunit of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), an energy sensor protein kinase that plays a key role in regulating cellular energy metabolism. In response to reduction of intracellular ATP levels, AMPK activates energy-producing pathways and inhibits energy-consuming processes: inhibits protein, carbohydrate and lipid biosynthesis, as well as cell growth and proliferation. AMPK acts via direct phosphorylation of metabolic enzymes, and by longer-term effects via phosphorylation of transcription regulators. Also acts as a regulator of cellular polarity by remodeling the actin cytoskeleton; probably by indirectly activating myosin. Beta non-catalytic subunit acts as a scaffold on which the AMPK complex assembles, via its C-terminus that bridges alpha (PRKAA1 or PRKAA2) and gamma subunits (PRKAG1, PRKAG2 or PRKAG3). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Synonyms: AMPK; HAMPKb
Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Insulin signaling

pathway

Product images:



HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY PRKAB1 ([RC203911], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-PRKAB1 (1:500).